

Bending the QHE by 90°:

Novel 1D metallic and insulating phases

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Appl. Phys. Lett. 86, 032101 (2005)

Physica E 22, 181 (2004)

preprint

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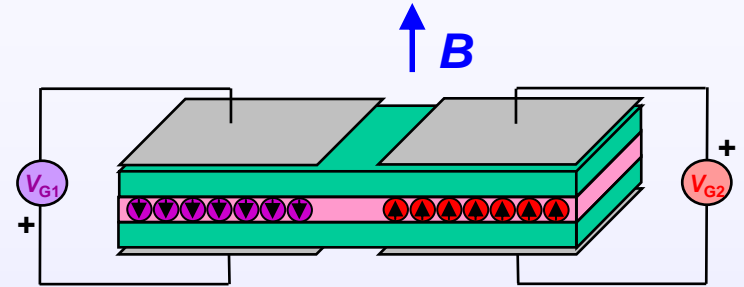
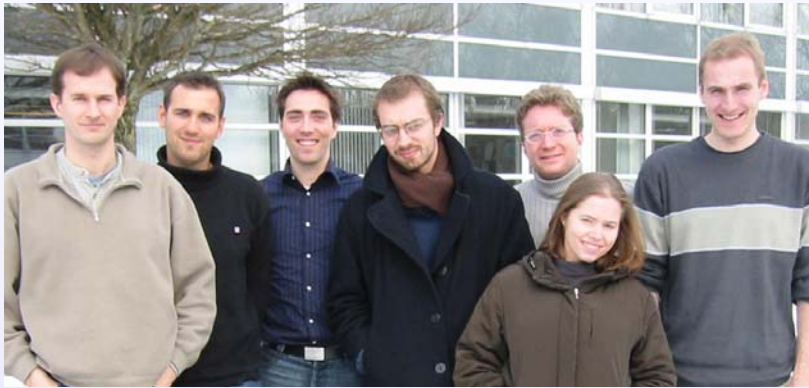
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Discussions

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Spintronics

Heavy holes in (110) GaAs

APL 86, 192106 (2005)

1D Wires

Cleaved-edge overgrown quantum wires in AlAs

APL 87, 052101 (2005)

Novel Crystal Growth Techniques

MBE-Patterned Etch-Regrowth

Corner Overgrowth

APL 86, 032101 (2005)

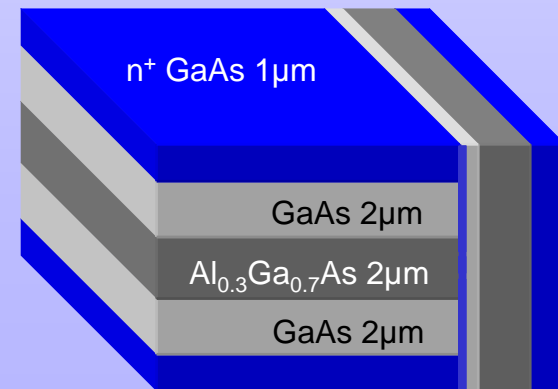
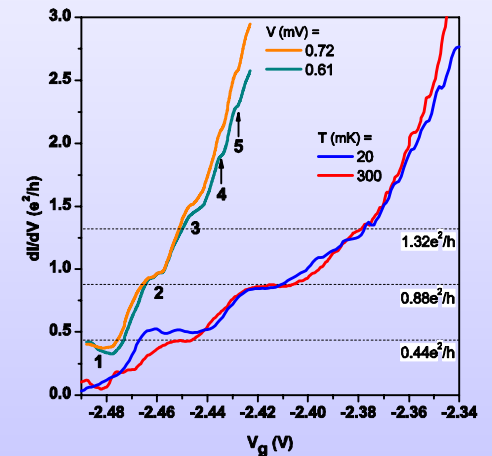
Double Cleave Quantum Wires

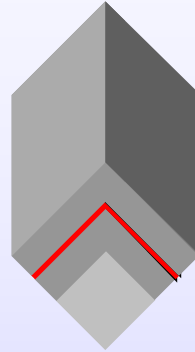
Modulated potential along wire

Quantum Hall Edges

Edge tunneling spectroscopy

PRL 94, 016805 (2005)





Intro: QHE

I. Bent quantum well

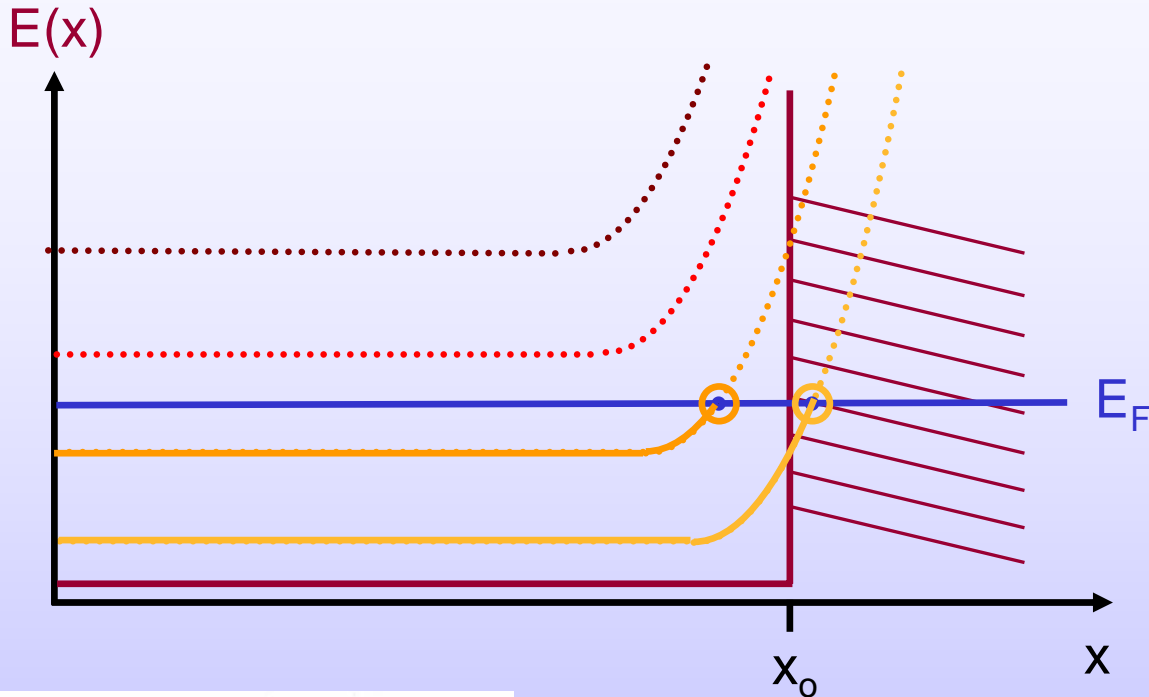
II. Bending the QHE

1D Wire bound by QHE gaps

III. T, V - dependence

IV. Discussion + Hartree calculations

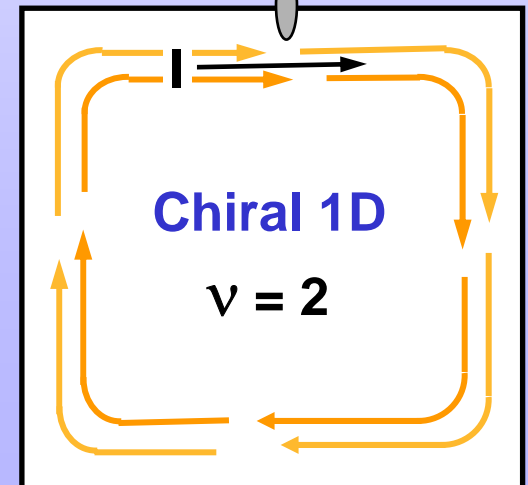
QHE Edge states



Halperin PRB (82)
 Buttiker PRB (85)
 X.G. Wen PRB (90)

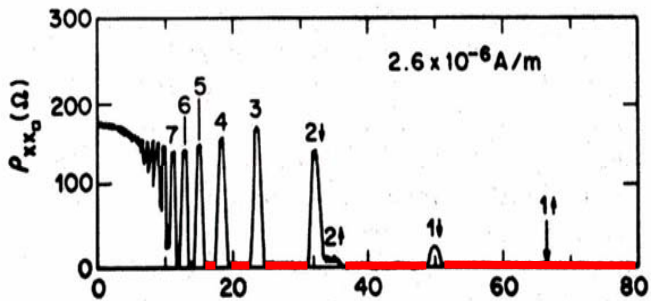
$$I = \frac{ve^2}{h} V$$

V



$\nu = 1, 2, 3$
 -> Fermi Liquid

$\nu = 1/3$
 -> Luttinger Liquid



M.A. Paalanen, et al.
 PRL 25 (1982)

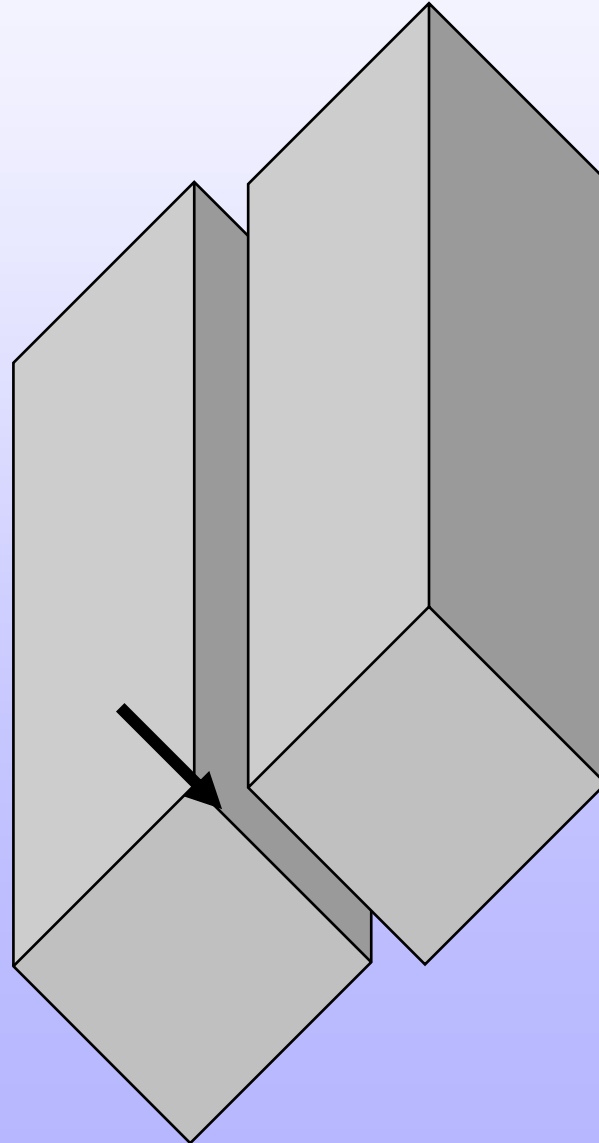


(110) Corner overgrowth

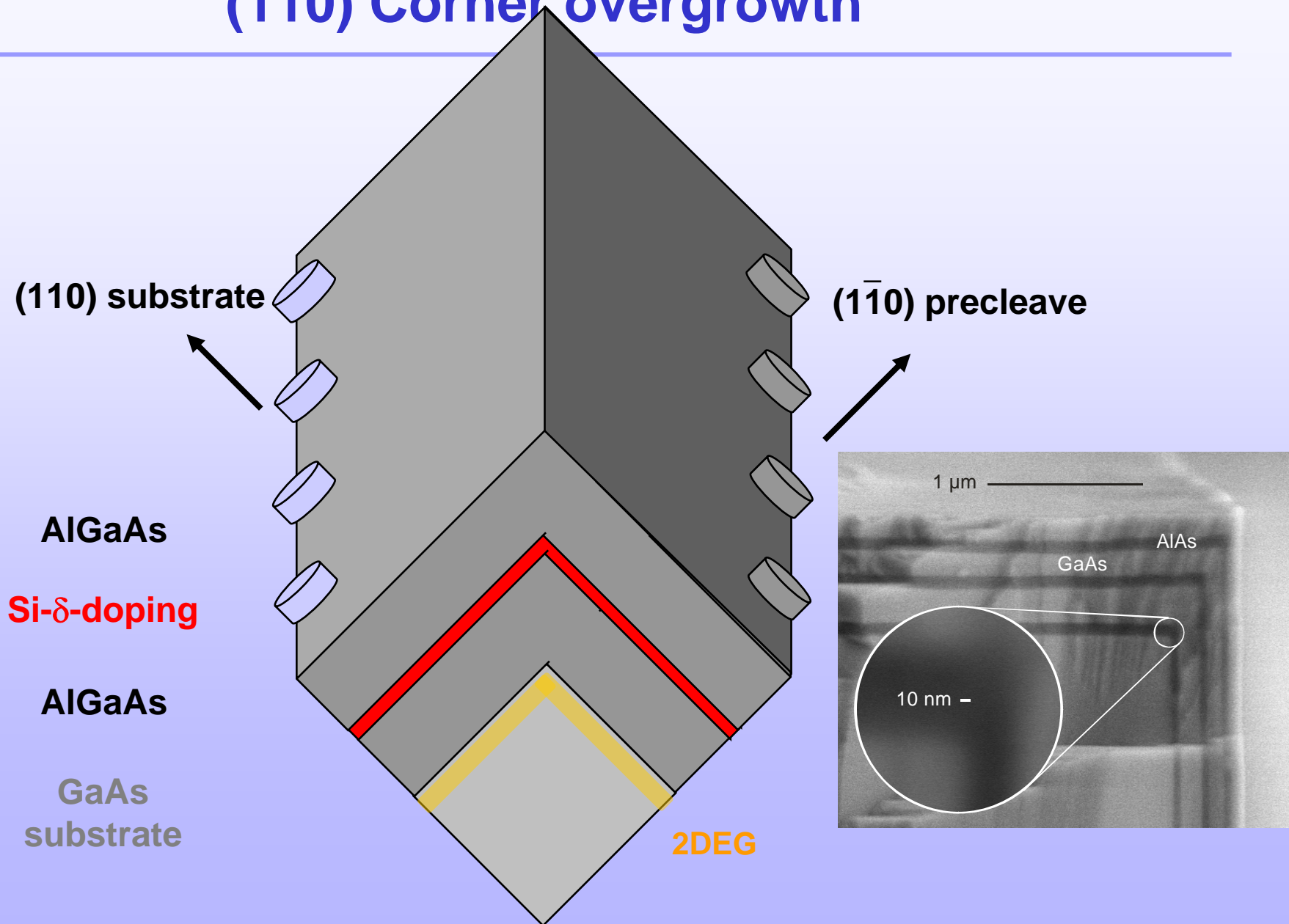
(110) substrate



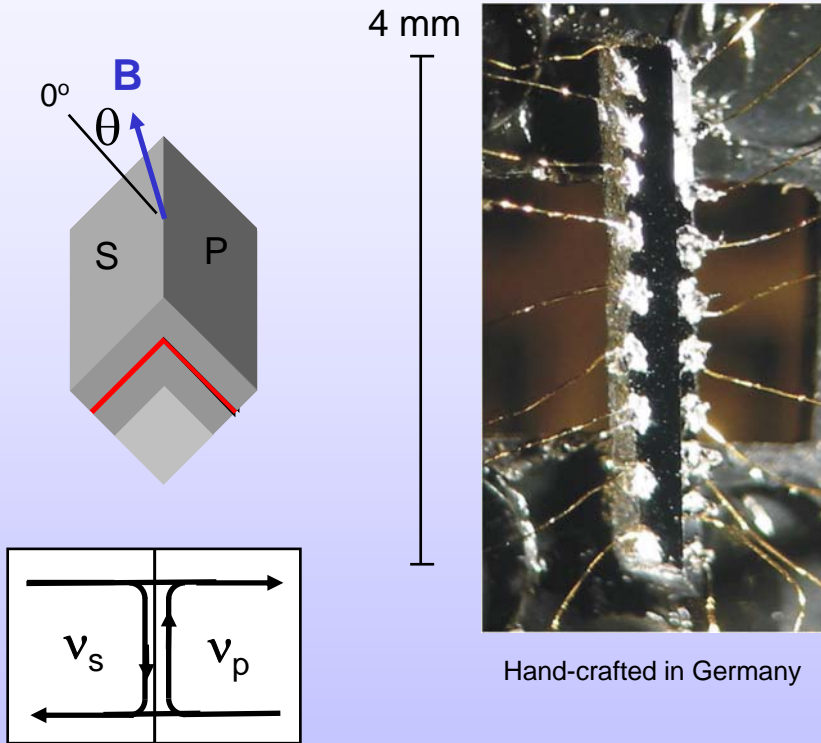
GaAs
substrate



(110) Corner overgrowth

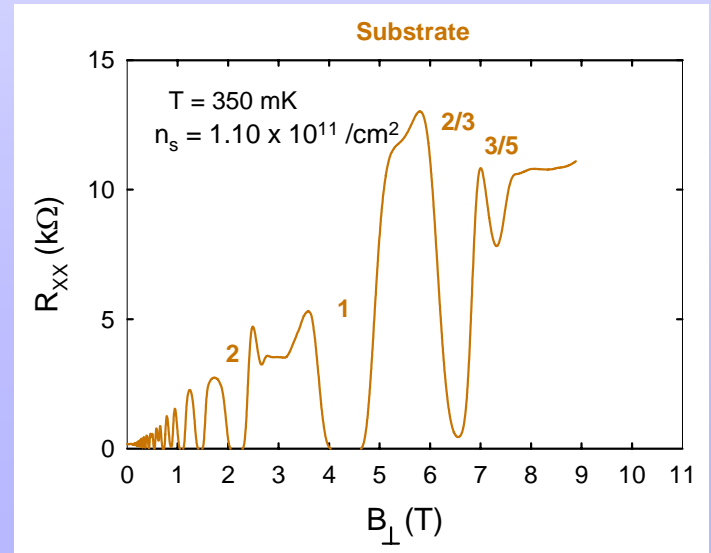
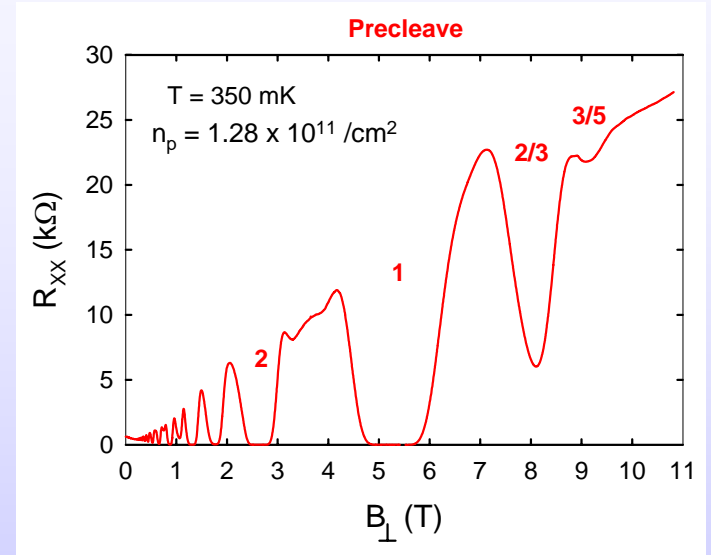


(110) Bent Quantum Well

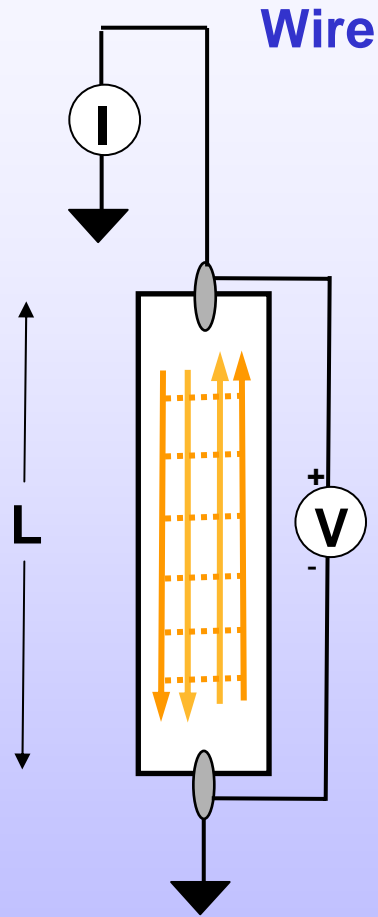


Hand-crafted in Germany

$$\frac{v_s}{v_p} = \frac{n_s / B \cos(\theta)}{n_p / B \sin(\theta)} = \frac{n_s}{n_p} \tan(\theta)$$

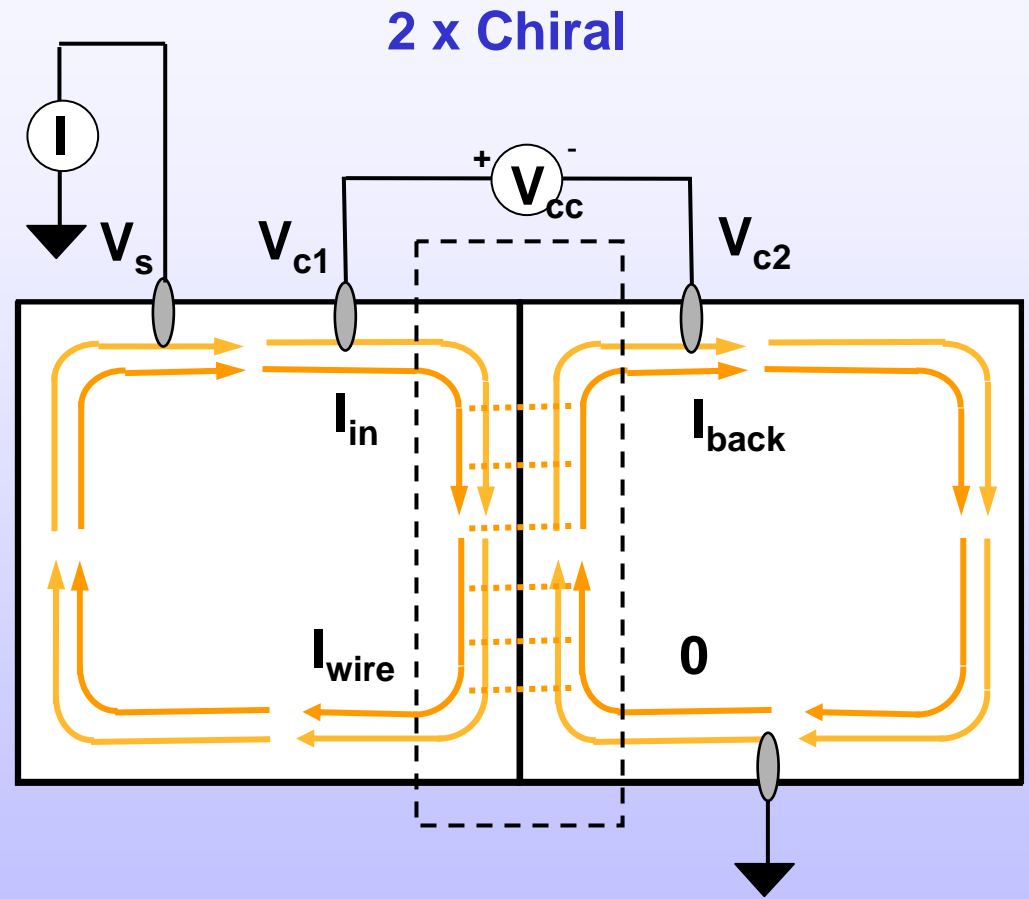


Example 1D Systems



$$G = I / V$$

$$\sigma_{1D} = G \cdot L$$

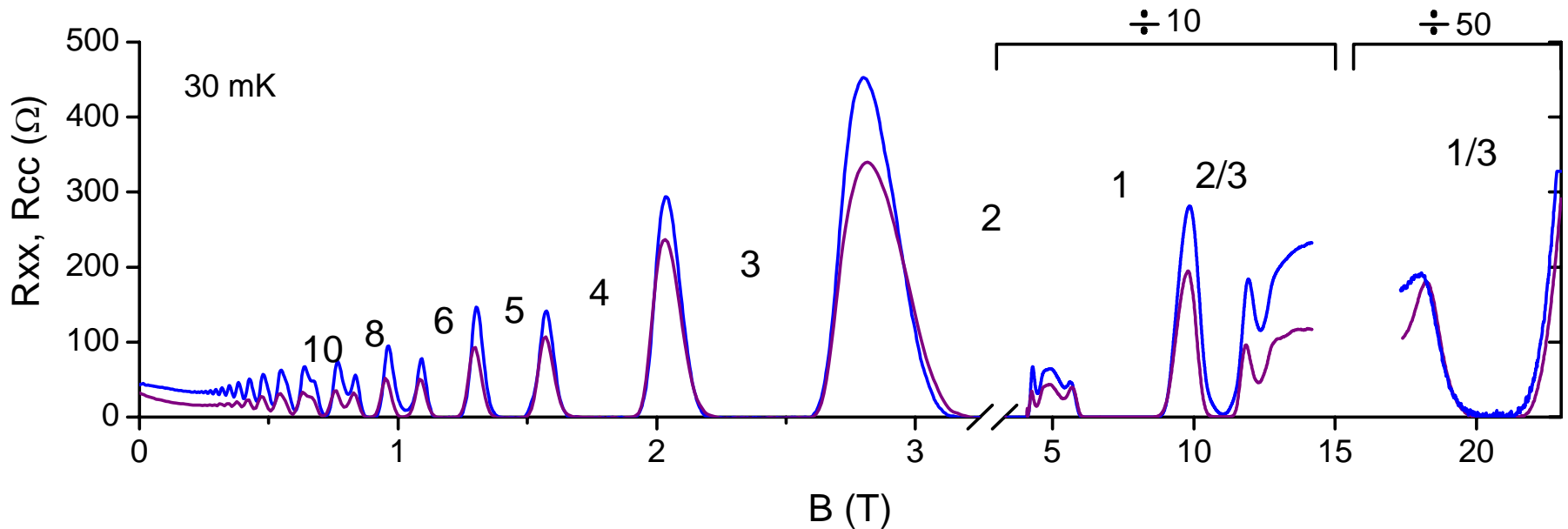
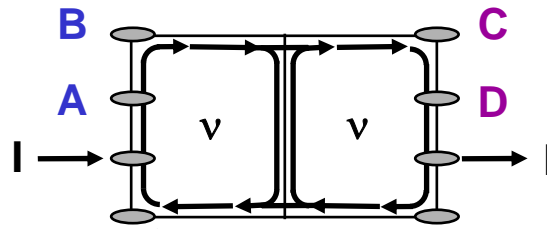
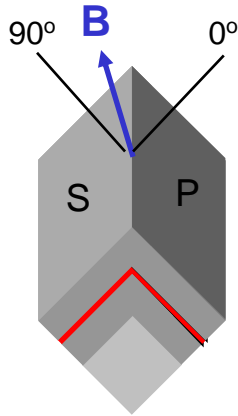


$$I_{\text{wire}} = I_{\text{in}} - I_{\text{back}} = \frac{ve^2}{h} V_{\text{cc}}$$

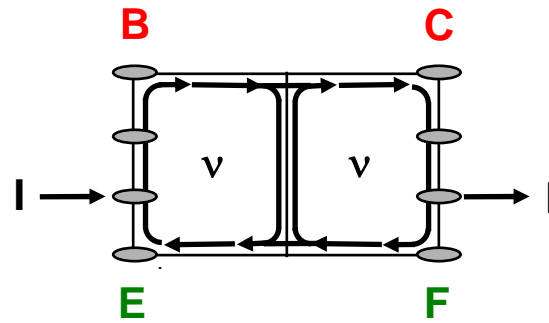
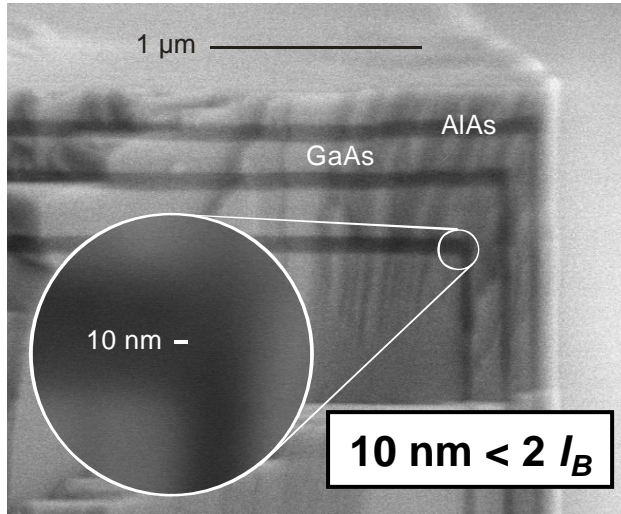
$$G = \frac{ve^2}{h} \frac{V_{\text{cc}}}{V_{\text{s}}}$$

Tilted field: Uniform ν

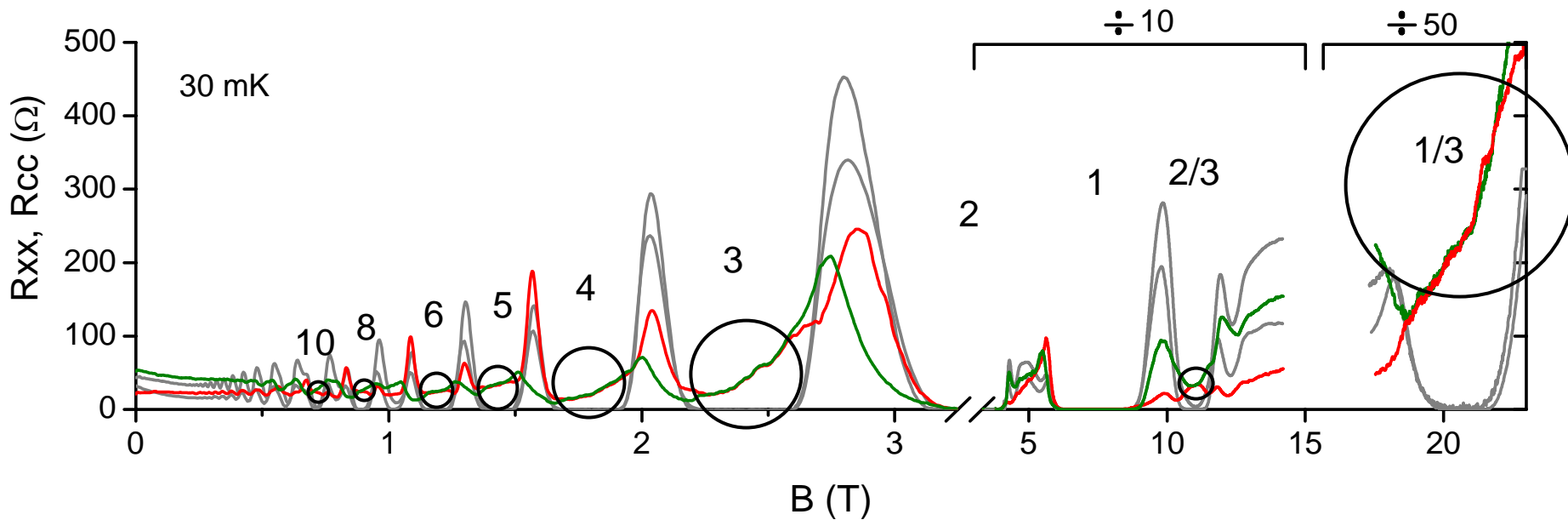
$\theta = 51.8^\circ$



Tilted field: Uniform ν

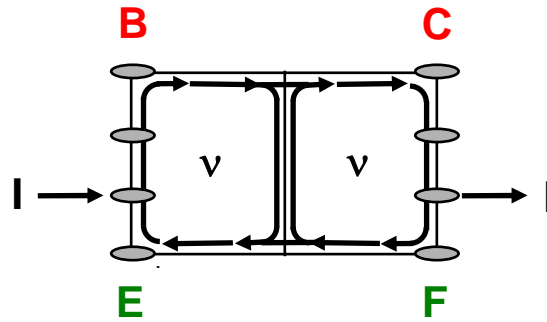
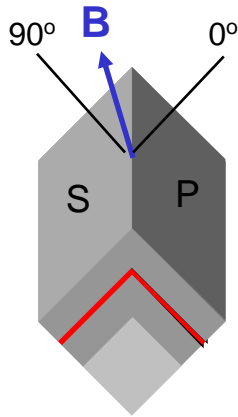


Backscattering
at corner
along 1D Wire

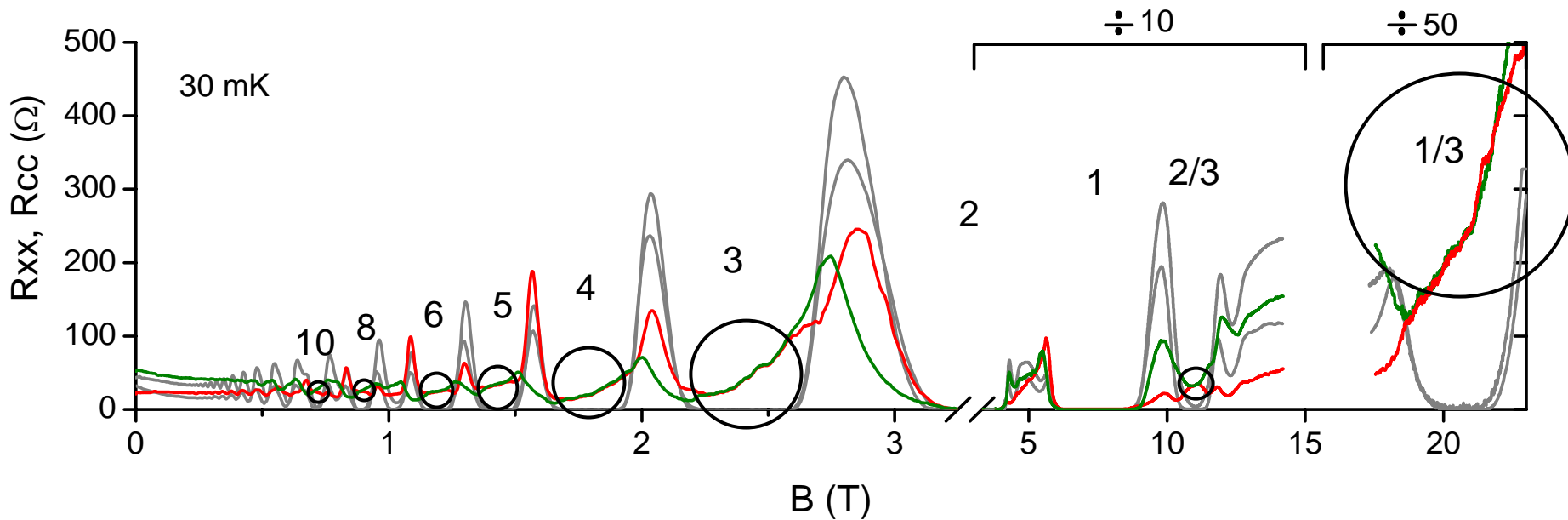


Tilted field: Uniform ν

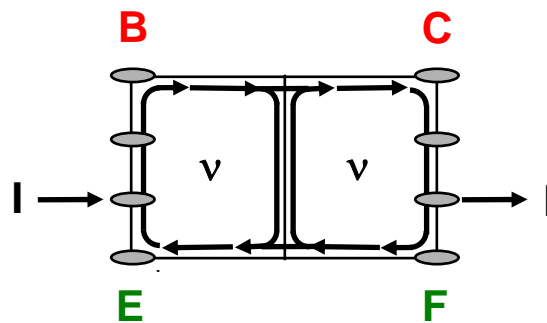
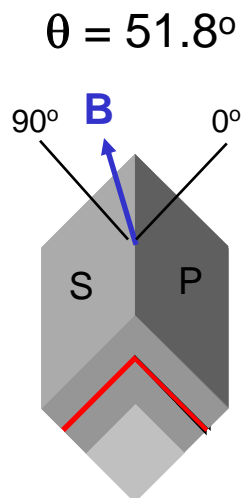
$\theta = 51.8^\circ$



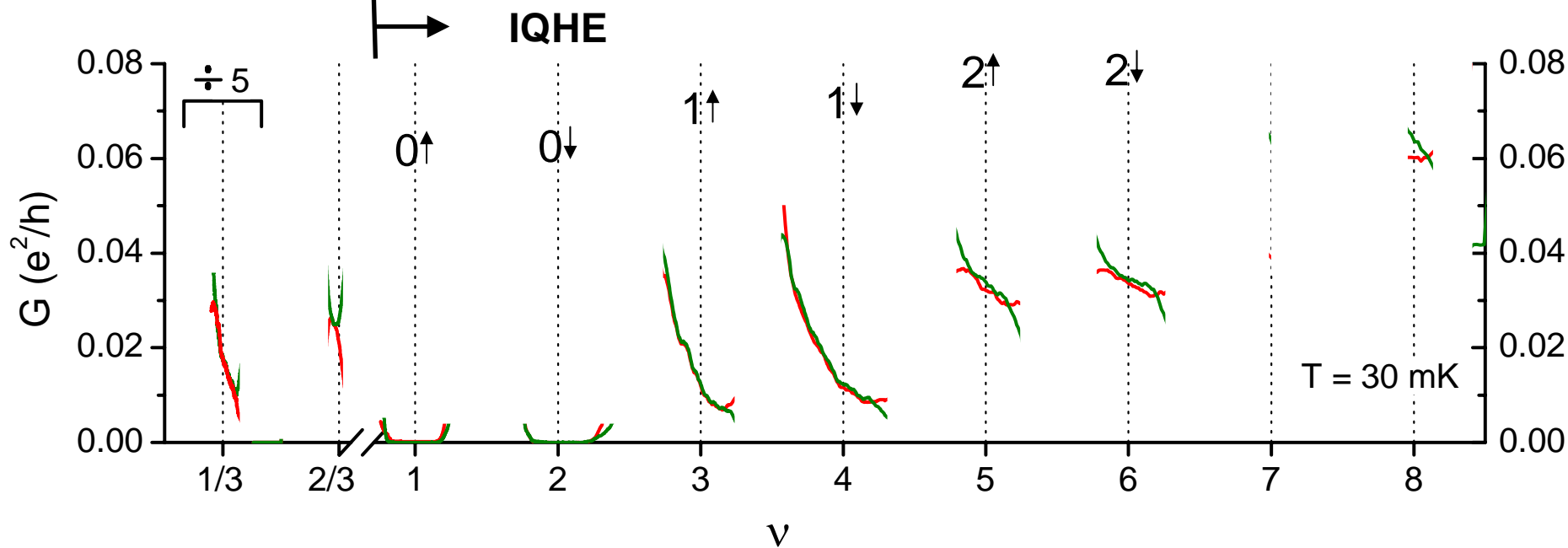
$$G = \frac{ve^2}{h} \frac{V_{cc}}{V_s}$$



$$v_s : v_p = 1 : 1$$

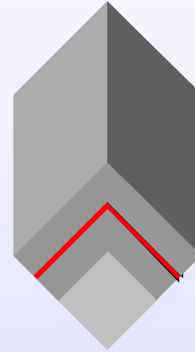


$$G = \frac{\nu e^2}{h} \frac{V_{cc}}{V_s}$$





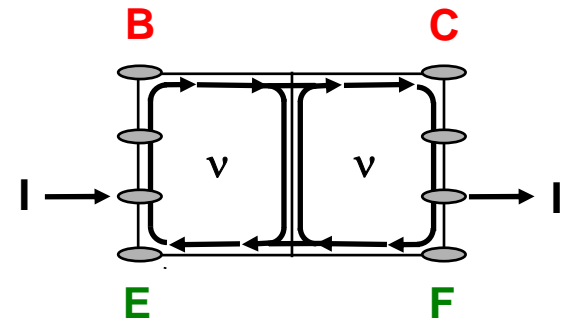
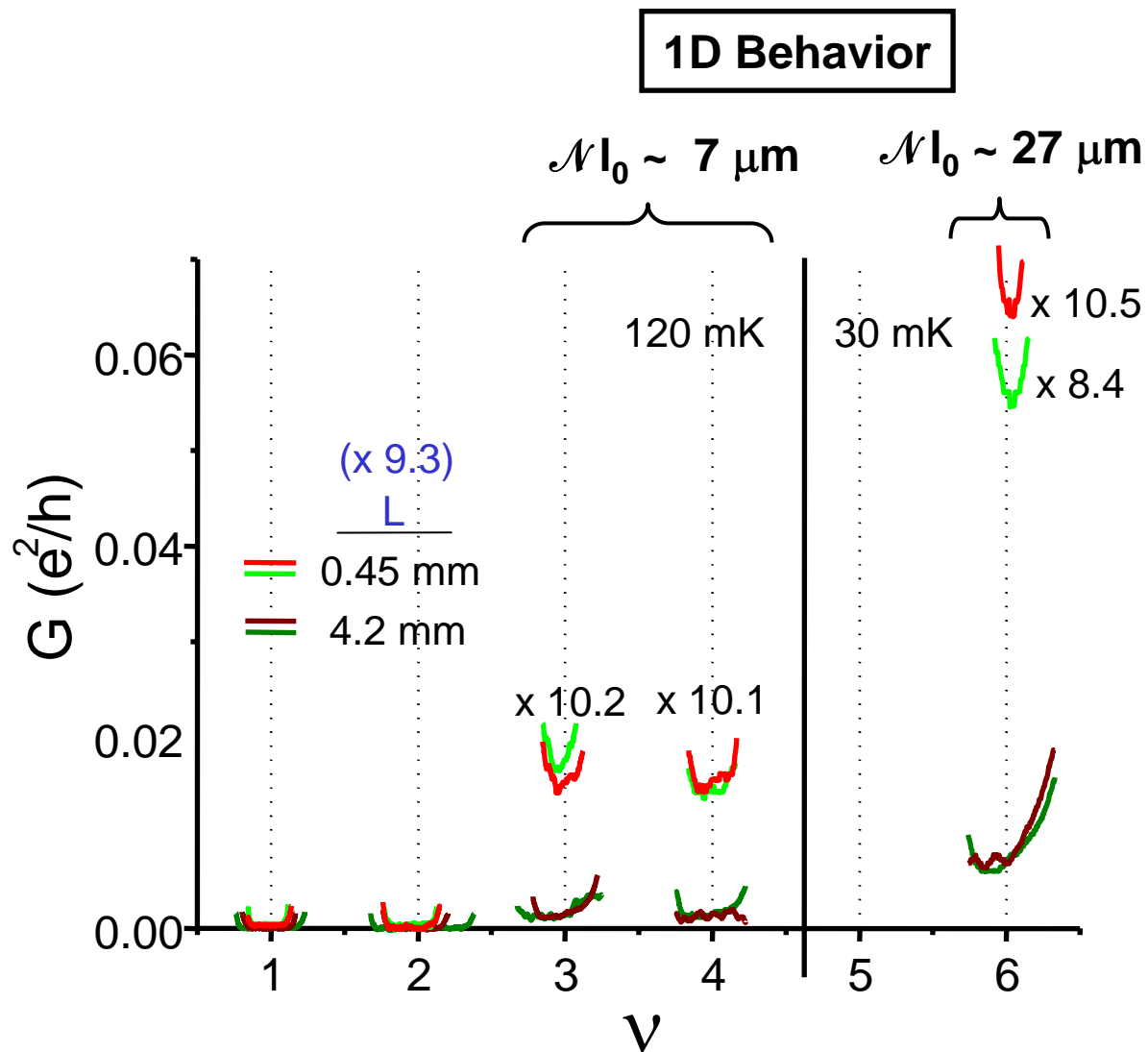
Characteristics Table



ν	B	conductance
1/3	20-23 T	conductor
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	conductor

Length Dependence

$$v_s : v_p = 1 : 1$$

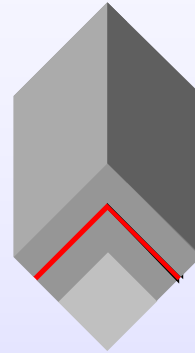


$$G = \sigma_{1D} / L$$

$$\sigma_{1D} = \mathcal{N}l_0 e^2/h$$



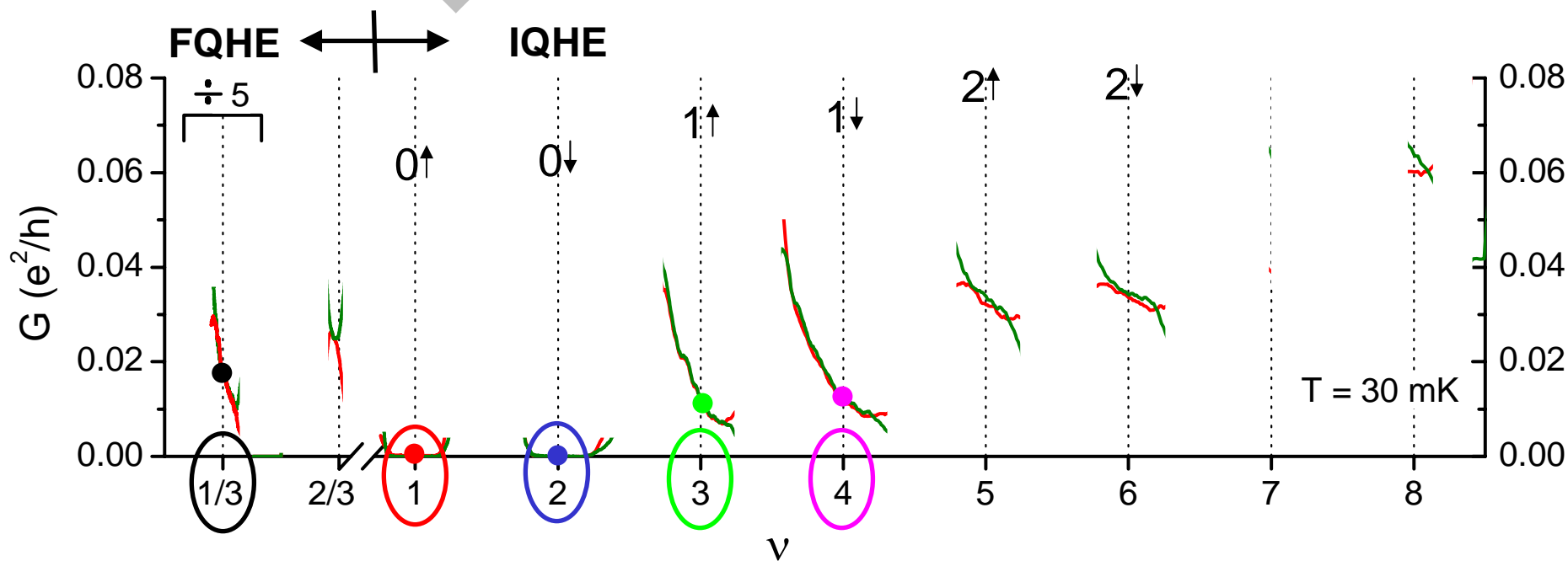
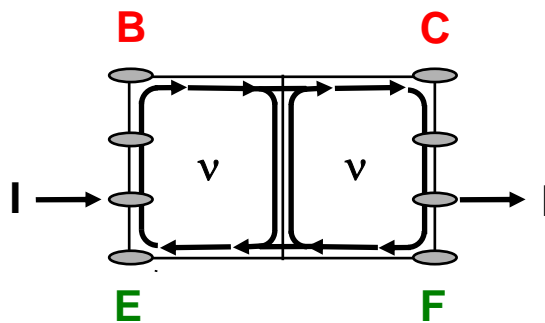
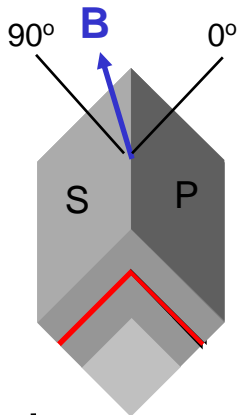
Characteristics Table



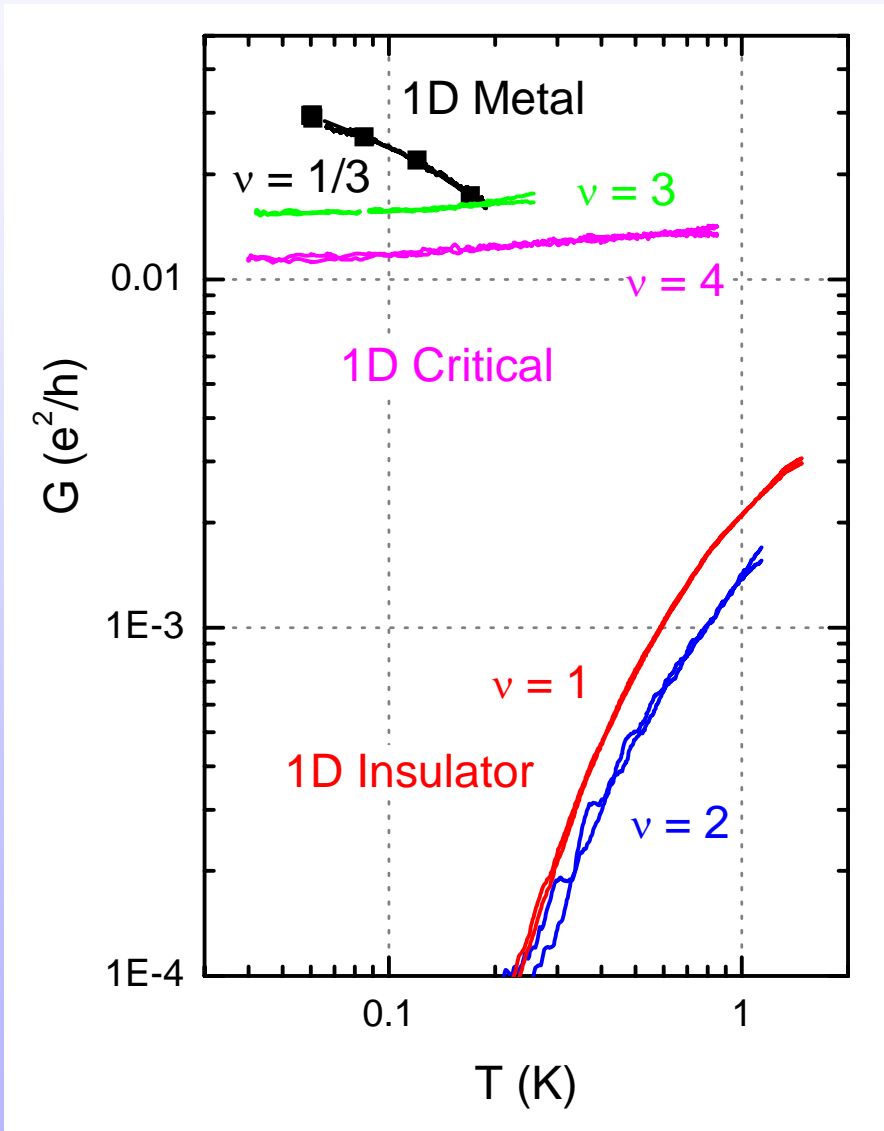
ν	B	conductance	length
1/3	20-23 T	conductor	--
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator	--
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	conductor	1 / L

$$v_s : v_p = 1 : 1$$

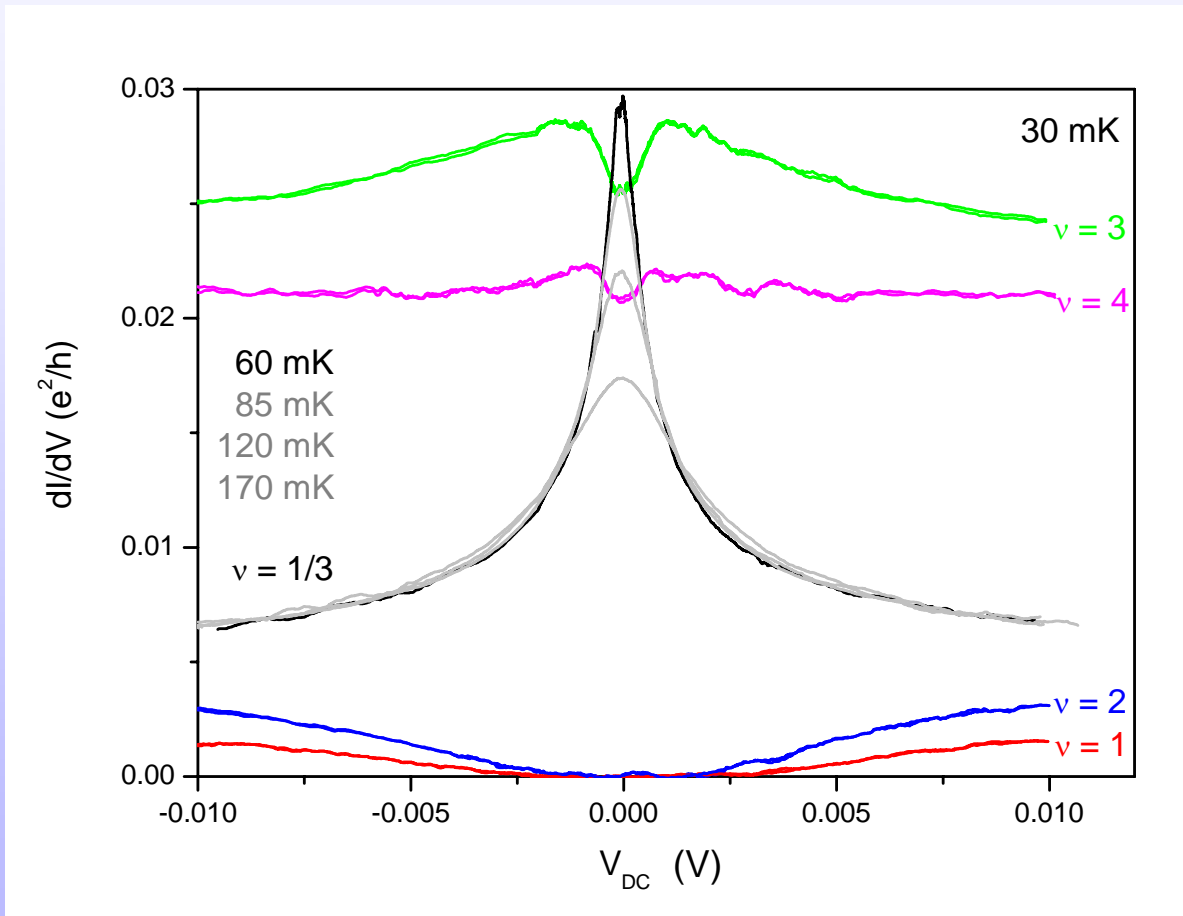
$$\theta = 51.8^\circ$$



Temperature dependence

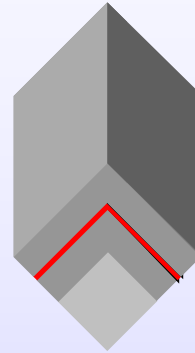


**Character of 1D
Tuned by gap ν**





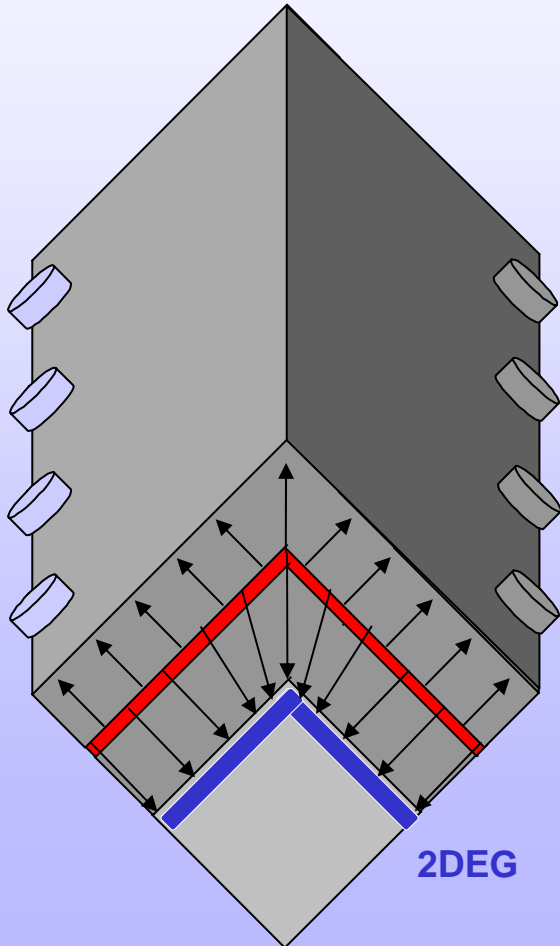
Characteristics Table



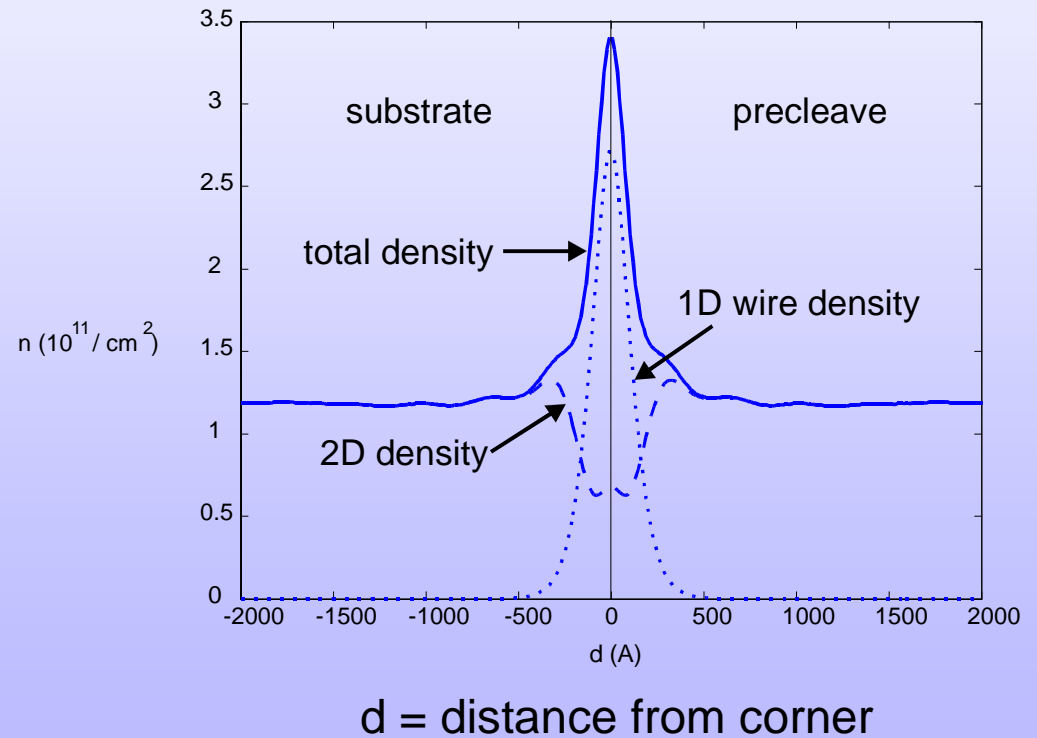
ν	B	conductance	length
1/3	20-23 T	metal	--
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator	--
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	critical	1 / L

Hartree calculation

Hartree (B=0)

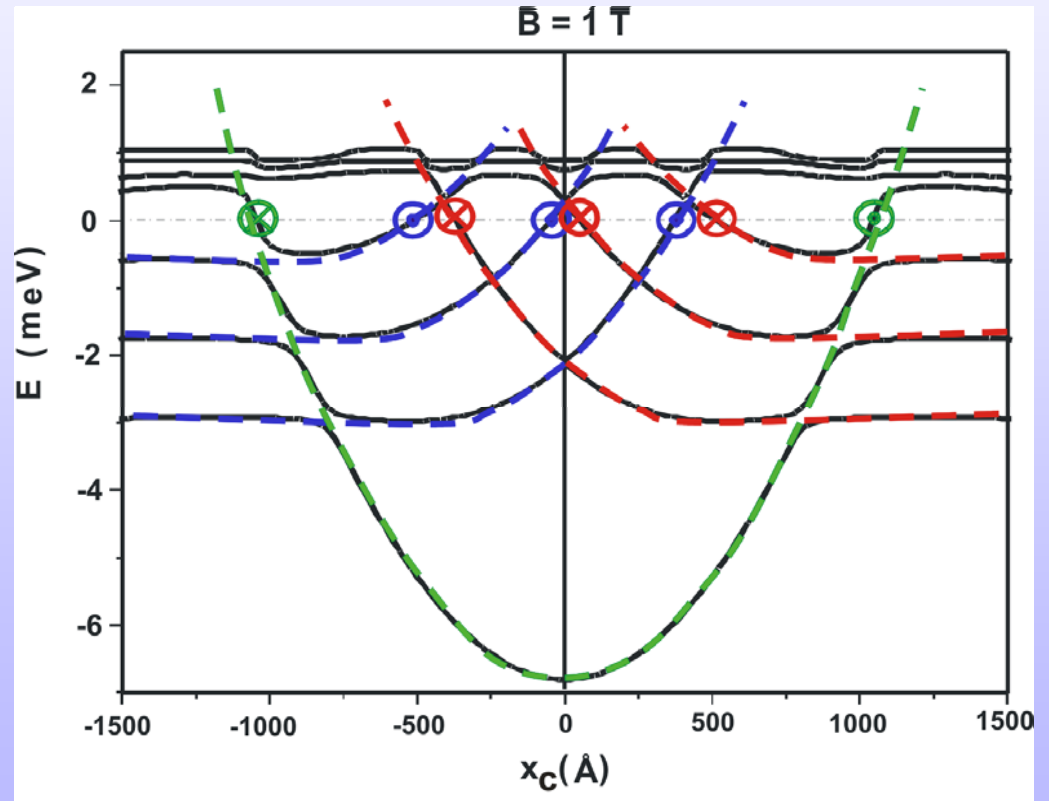
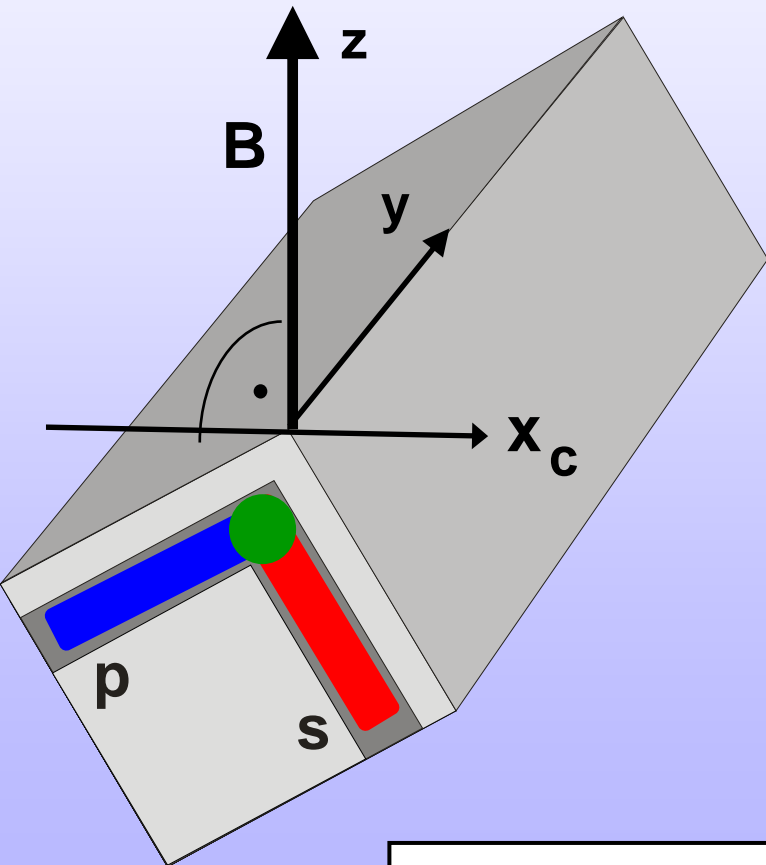


$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m^*} + V(x, z) + V_{e-e}$$



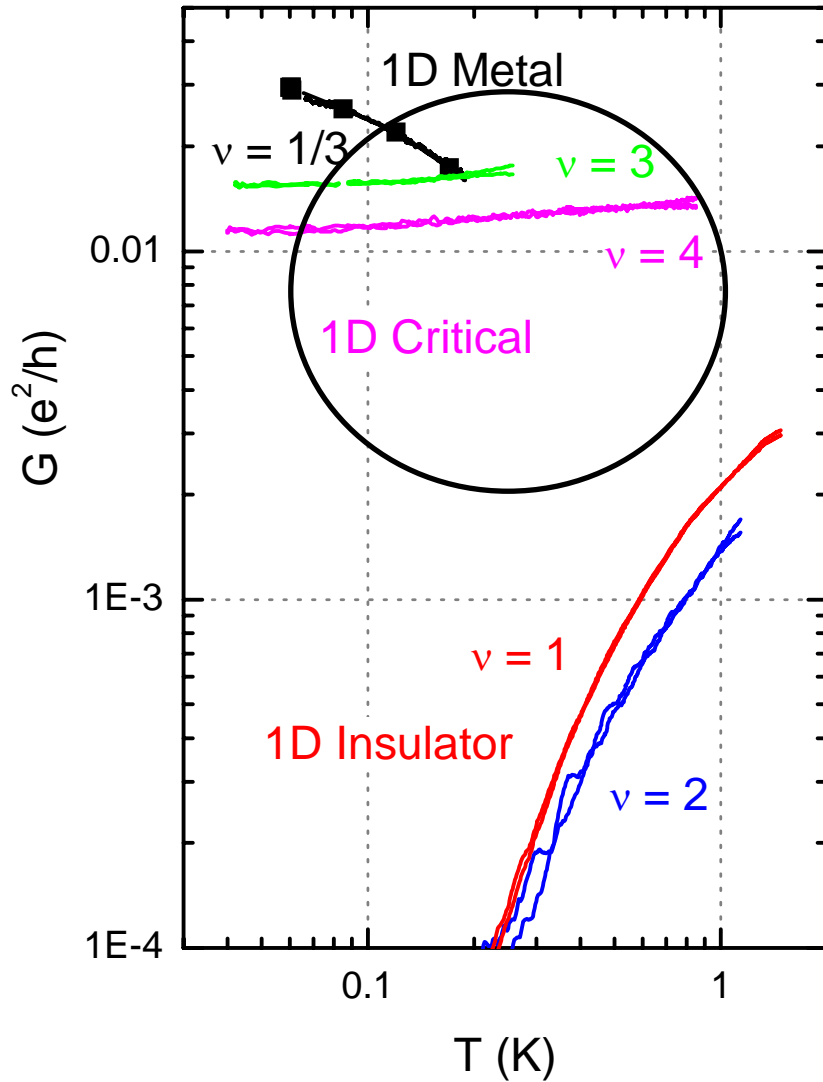
Hartree with B-field

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m^*} + V(x, z) + V_{e-e} + \frac{1}{2} m^* \omega_c^2 (x - x_0)^2$$



Hybrid 1D system

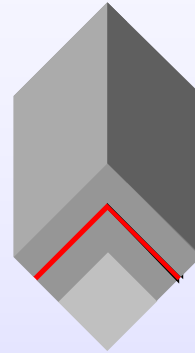
Temperature dependence



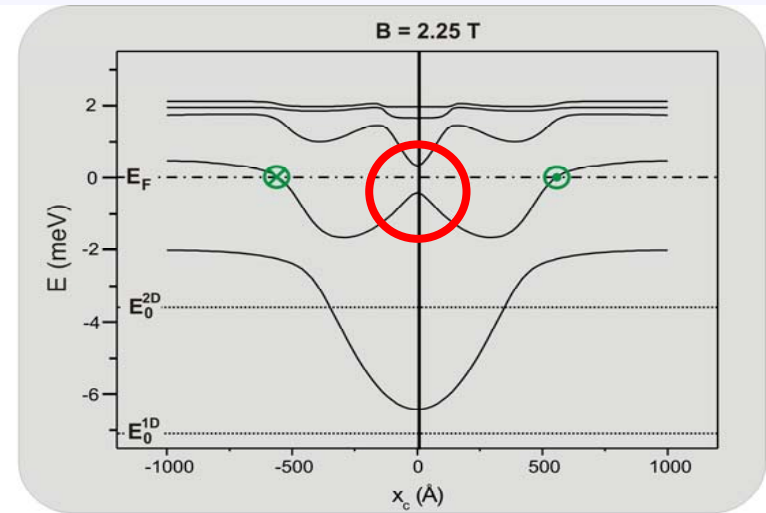
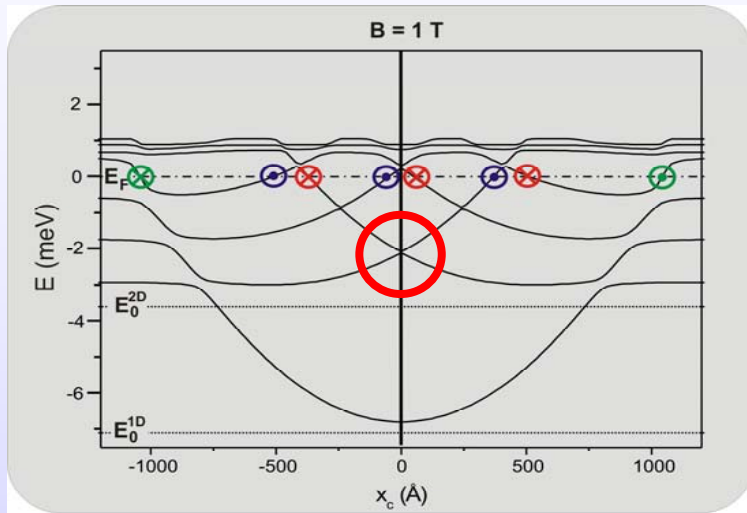
Multimode 1D wire



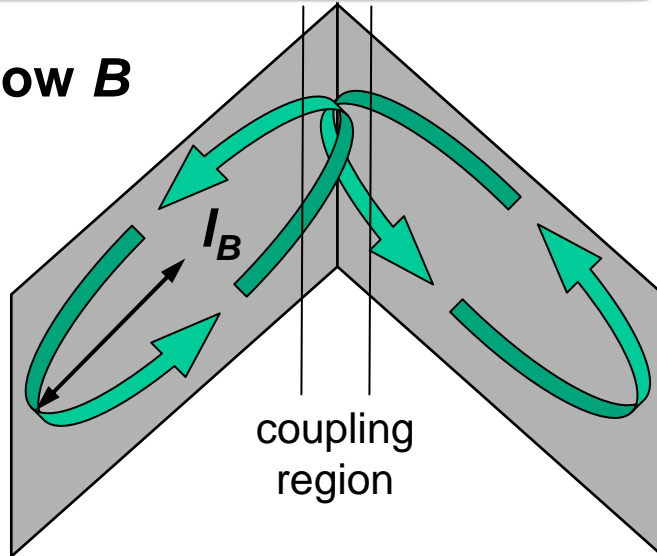
Characteristics Table



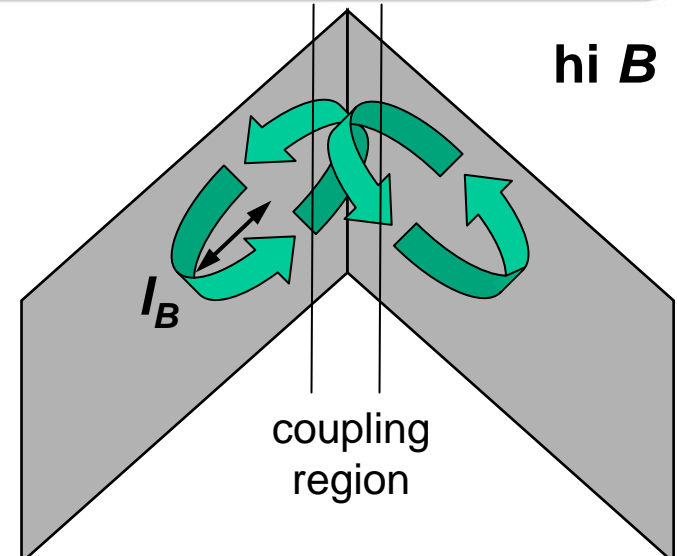
ν	B	conductance	length	model	interactions?
1/3	20-23 T	metal	--		
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator	--		
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	critical	1 / L	multimode 1D wire	no



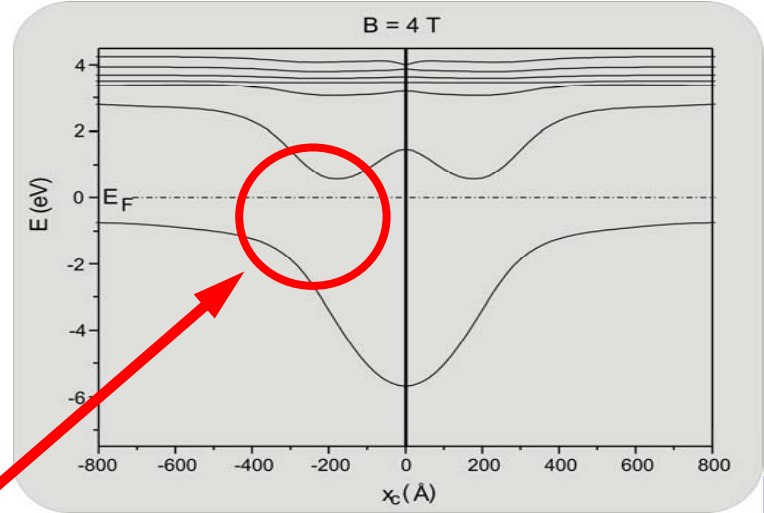
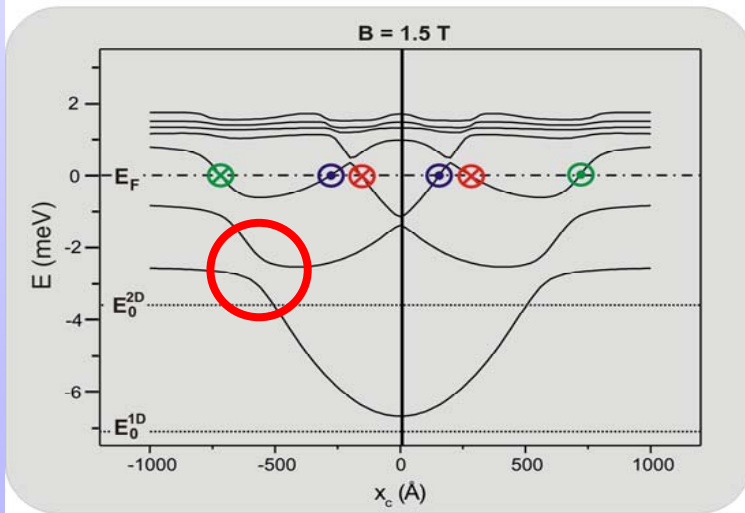
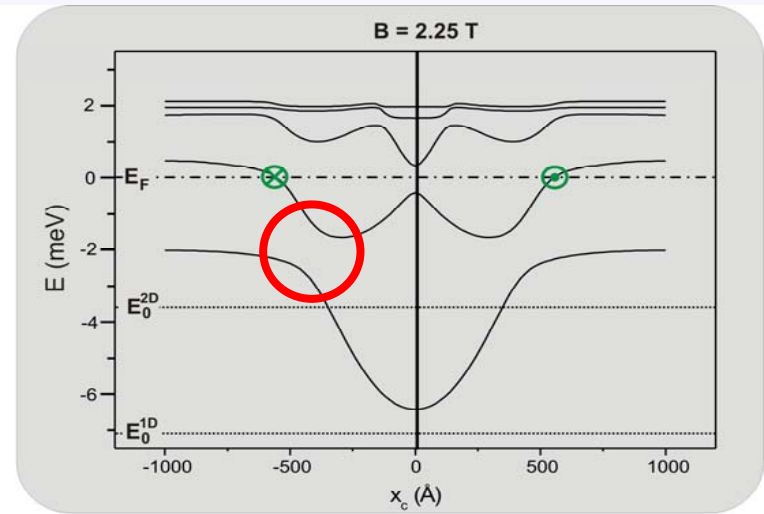
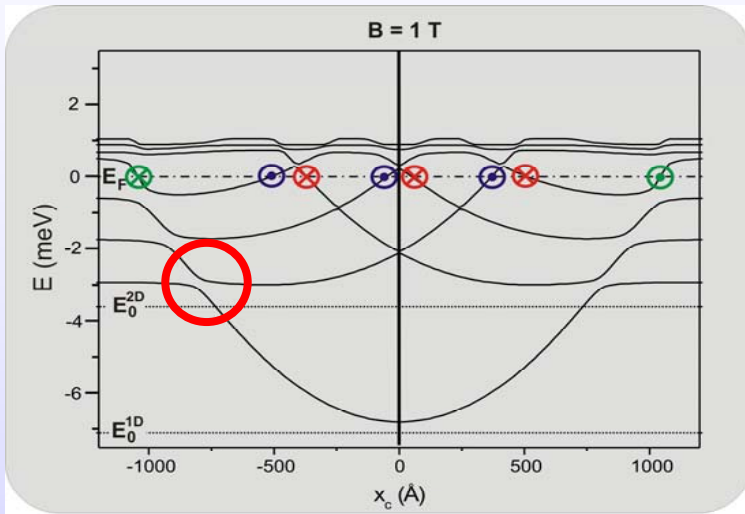
low B



hi B

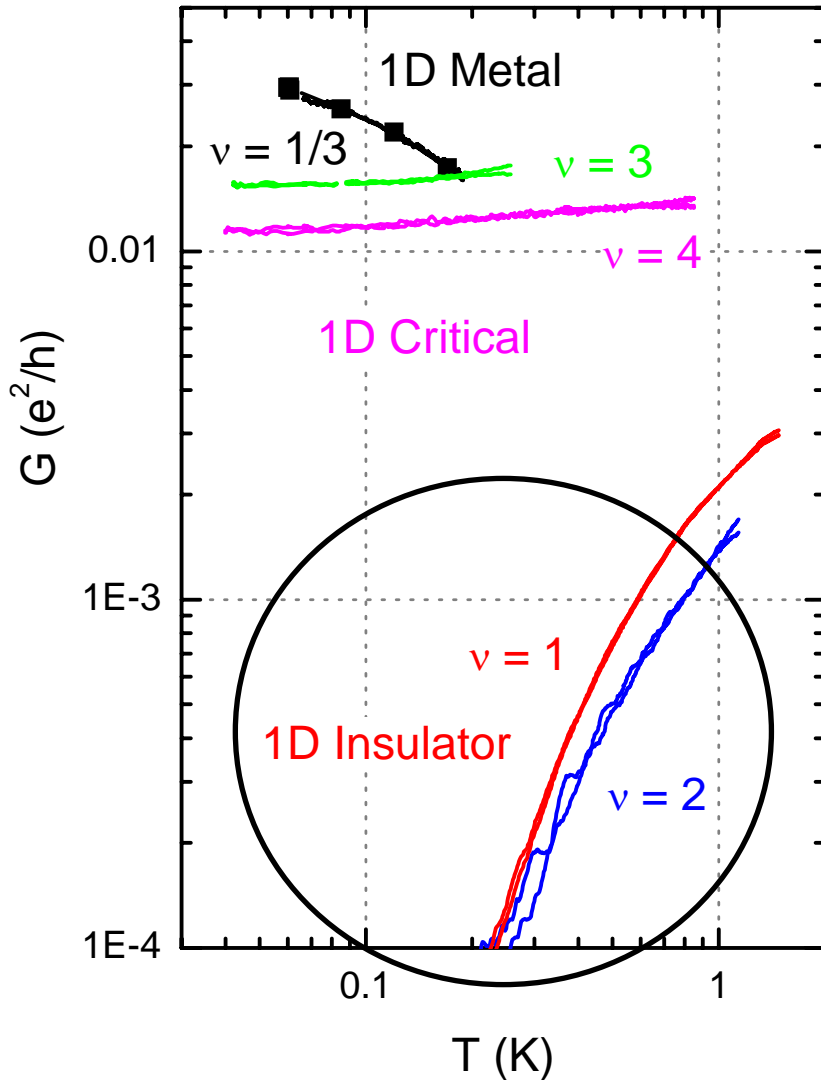


coupling ~ wavefunction overlap



coupling gap at high B => 1D Insulator

Temperature dependence



Anticrossing gap

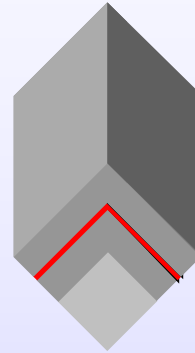
OR

Localization in 1D

N.F. Mott and W.D. Twose (1961)
 Abrahams, Anderson,
 Licciardello, Ramakrishnan (1979)



Characteristics Table



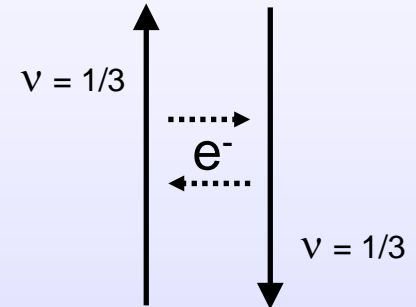
ν	B	conductance	length	model	interactions?
1/3	20-23 T	metal	--		
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator	--	level anticrossing localization	no no
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	critical	1 / L	multimode 1D wire	no

Metal = e- tunnel coupled LL's

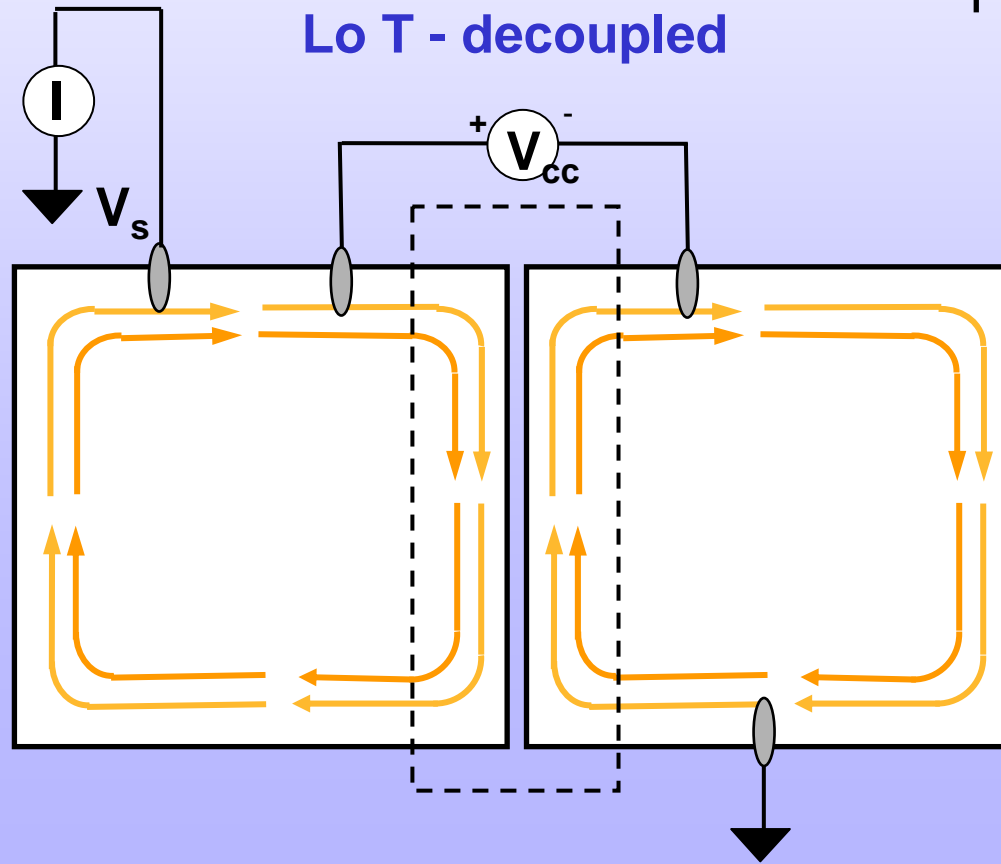
S. Renn, D. Arovas,
PRB 51, 16832 (1995)

T. Giamarchi and H. J. Schulz
PRB 37, 325 (1988)

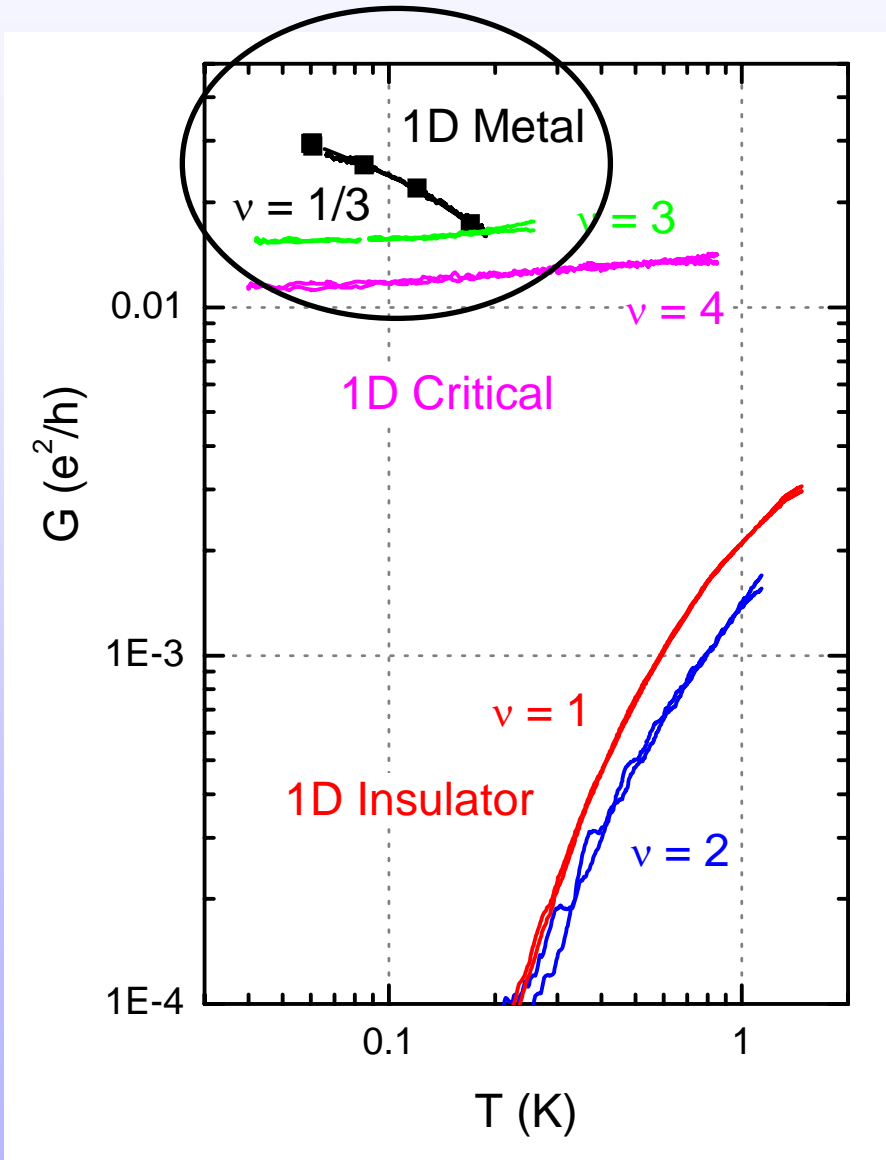
C. Kane, M. Fisher,
PRB 56, 15231 (1996)



Lo T - decoupled



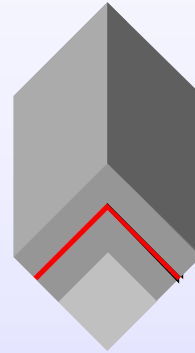
Temperature dependence



Antiwire of chiral Luttinger liquids with e- tunneling

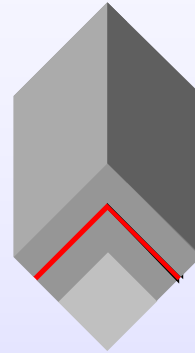


Characteristics Table



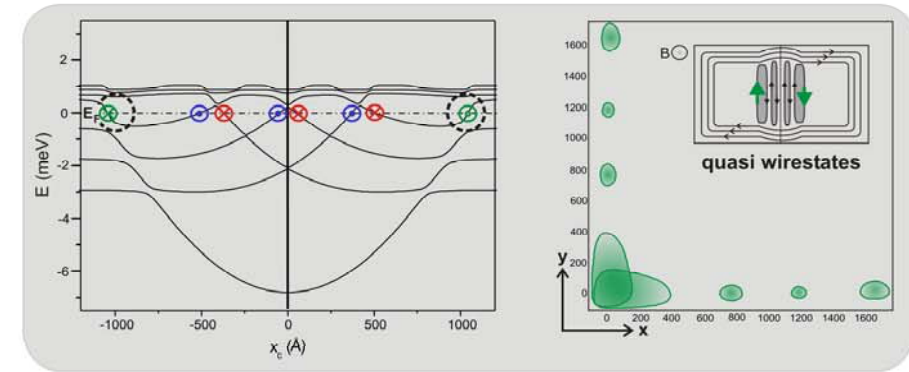
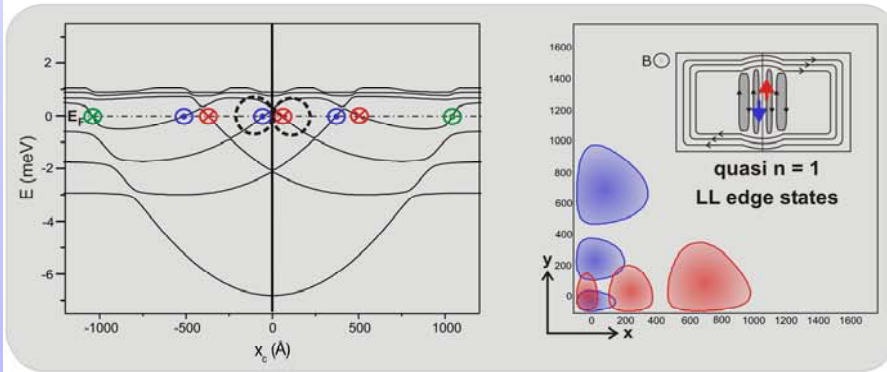
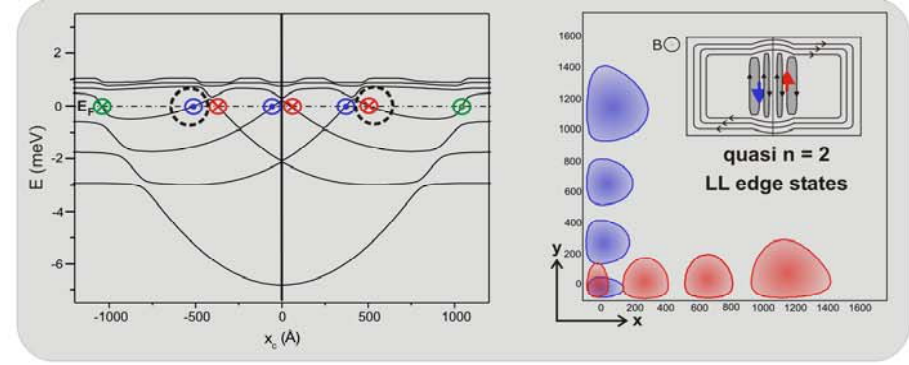
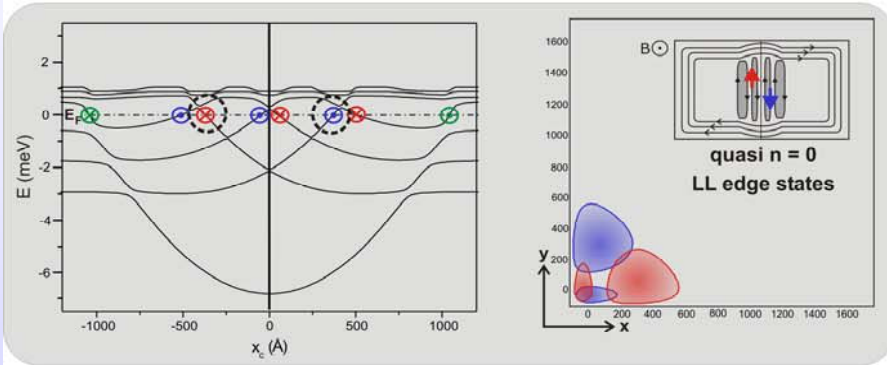
ν	B	conductance	length	model	interactions?
1/3	20-23 T	metal	--	LL antiwire	YES
1, 2	4-9 T	insulator	--	level anticrossing localization	no no
3, 4, 5, 6	0-2.5 T	critical	1 / L	multimode 1D wire	no

Conclusions



- * **Demonstrate 1D system bound at corner of bent QHE**
- * **Measure conductance as function of ν**
- * **Measure mean free path l_0**
- * **Tune 1D metal – critical – insulator behavior with ν**
- * **Metallic state:**
 - Evidence of 1D metal**

B = 1 T



Strong overlap of counter-propagating channels