

North Lancashire Ringing Group 2015 Report

A Review of 2015

After a record year in 2014 with 16,151 new birds ringed, 2015 was something of a disappointment with a total of 11,065 newly ringed birds. These were made up of 9,378 fully grown birds and 1,687 nestlings. Add to this the 3,671 retraps and 78 controls we handled 14,814 birds of 83 species in 2015. The overwhelming reason for the decline was the poor weather from spring right through to winter with only a short settled spell in late summer. Productivity of most species was very poor as shown by the decline of 1482 in the number of nestlings ringed so even when the weather was suitable there were many fewer birds to catch.

Our ringing during the spring and summer focuses around our four RAS projects and two CES plots. With high water levels on the River Lune and poor ringing weather making the Sand Martin colonies often inaccessible and flooding out some colonies we ringed 694 new birds, 730 down on 2014 and recorded 370 retraps and 19 controls including 2 each from France and Spain. Pied Flycatchers also had a poor season even though we had 90 occupied nest boxes on our RAS study in the Lune valley woodlands. Only 51 successfully reared young and we ringed 285 nestlings, 207 less than 2014 and caught 86 adults. At Leighton Moss Reed Warblers also had poor productivity with a catch of 267 juveniles well down on the 19 year average of 619. Adults started breeding late and most left after one brood. Continuing the same theme Bearded Tits had a poor season with a poor first brood. A total of 34 juveniles were ringed compared to 70 in 2014

The first indication that productivity was low came from our nest box schemes. Although occupation rates were high both clutch and brood size was low. Our nestling ringing of Blue Tits declined from 1348 in the good year of 2014 to just 474 this year with many total failures and small broods due to a shortage or difficulty of finding caterpillars in the wet windy weather. Predation was also much higher than usual. This poor productivity translated into a decline in our catch of fully grown Blue Tits down by 289 on 2014, despite more intensive garden ringing in autumn and early winter. Great Tits suffered a similar decline but surprisingly Coal Tits increased by 68 to a total of 354 fully grown birds. Perhaps birds breeding mainly in conifer woodland did better. Another coniferous breeding species Goldcrest increased dramatically doubling numbers to 531 although of course many of these were birds of continental origin. Another consequence of the wet spring and early summer was that much of the maize crop failed including the fields at Gressingham where we have ringed over 11,000 roosting swallows over the past 11 years, we did find another maize field which was not as well positioned and together with the Heysham roost we only caught 450 Swallows compared to 1258 in 2014. But again poor productivity probably played its part in the decline

All the regularly ringed warblers were down in varying degrees except Blackcap which was similar to 2014. Finch ringing produced mixed results, with Greenfinch down from 491 to 278 and Goldfinch down by 83 to 659 but Lesser Redpoll (529) and Siskin (362) increased by 295 and 227 respectively. That Lapwing are still doing well in the Bowland area is shown by the ringing of 51 nestlings mainly in three relatively small areas. The 22 Woodcock reflects several dark night outings to dazzle feeding birds.

The colour ringed study of Grey Wagtails at Heysham and Middleton has provided lots of data on the wintering areas of our passage birds and some about the breeding areas and shows the value of colour ringing. Full details of the year's recoveries are given below. Highlights include a Firecrest rather bizarrely in NE Scotland in winter. The almost 22 year old Ringed Plover is a national record for longevity in this species beating the existing record by 2 years and 90 days. A Cetti's Warbler recaptured 38 days after ringing in Cambridgeshire again shows the northerly dispersal of this recent colonist. Our first Redwing in Iceland probably shows that we get birds of the Icelandic race although the date in late April does not preclude the possibility of a wind driven Scandinavian bird. An excellent series of Lesser Redpoll recoveries provided further information about both the wintering and breeding areas of our passage birds.

Bearded Tit RAS 2015

John Wilson

Introduction

This is the 24th year of our study at Leighton Moss RSPB. After a cold wet spring and rather mixed summer the early autumn was good, but November and December were windy and wet with high water levels. These factors reduced our ringing activity with 69 visits 5 down on the 23 year average and 11 down on 2014. The deliberate dropping of the water level in an effort to produce better conditions for Bitterns restricted access to two of our best sites. Winter survival was reasonable but productivity was down as were grit tray sightings mainly due to poor weather during the gritting season.

Breeding Population and Survival

This year we have either re-trapped or re-sighted a total of 20 adult males and 23 adult females. Past experience is that we always miss a few, and this would suggest a breeding population of ca 25 pairs. The estimated numbers of breeding pairs and the numbers of adult males and females caught or sighted from 2000 to 2014 is shown in table I.

Table 1 Estimated No. of Pairs and Adult Males and Females re-trapped or re-sighted 2000-2015

| Year | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Breeding Pop | 65 | 7 | 10 | 18 | 25 | 32 | 35 | 25 | 18 | 26 | 30 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 24 | 25 |
| Adult Males | 75 | 6 | 11 | 12 | 17 | 29 | 29 | 25 | 20 | 27 | 49 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 21 | 20 |
| Adult Females | 44 | 3 | 6 | 14 | 20 | 25 | 31 | 21 | 8 | 18 | 28 | 9 | 16 | 15 | 20 | 23 |

Survival from 2014 was lower than usual, just 27% in adults and 46% in first year birds. The lower than usual rate was possibly linked to the decline in effort, and not being able to work some regular sites because of access difficulties. But surprisingly we caught 4 un-ringed adults all females, to put this into perspective in the 15 years between 2000 and 2014 only 7 un-ringed adults in total were caught..

Productivity

The numbers of juveniles ringed from 2000 to 2015 is given in Table 2. Productivity was lower this year especially early in the season. Using eye colour data on processed juveniles to estimate which brood they came from, for the very first time the first brood had lower productivity than later broods- probably a result of the poor early spring weather.

Table 2 No. of Young Ringed 2000-2015

| Year | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|--------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Young Ringed | 275 | 18 | 34 | 55 | 75 | 52 | 78 | 13 | 51 | 103 | 104 | 32 | 17 | 48 | 70 | 34 |

Grit Tray Sightings

A total of 213 sightings of colour ringed birds were obtained between September 18th and November 24th. A total of 63 different birds were recorded, 36 adults and 27 juveniles. This compares with 332 sightings in 2014 of 34 adults and 42 juveniles.

Reed Warbler RAS 2015

John Wilson

Introduction

The cold, wet and windy spring and early summer hampered our ringing this year and we only managed 45 visits between June and September, well down on the average of 61 over the past 18 years of the study. We handled a total of 466 birds (351 new and 115 retraps).

Adult Population

After a very late arrival the breeding population allowing for the lower number of visits was probably around average although down on the 17 year average of 188. We caught 140 adults (84new and 56retraps). (See table below for full details) Adults certainly left earlier this year, we only caught five adults in August compared to an average of 32 over the past 18 years. Possibly the late arrival meant that very few birds had time for a second brood and they left after the first brood.

Survival from previous year is difficult to work out as many birds are not captured every year. This is well shown this year when 14 birds first ringed between 2007 and 2012 where only retrapped for the first time this year. The most amazing of these was V778849 first ringed in 2007 and not retrapped until this year in its eighth year.

Table 1 Adult Reed Warblers Caught at Leighton Moss 1997-2015

| Year | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| No | 152 | 169 | 135 | 204 | 203 | 170 | 194 | 248 | 214 | 247 | 206 | 153 | 166 | 224 | 238 | 201 | 146 | 167 | 140 |

Productivity

The table below shows the ringing totals for juveniles for each year from 1997 to 2015. The total of 267 is our lowest in the 19 years of the study and well down on the average catch of 619 for the previous 18 years. The cool wet and at times windy spring and early summer being the main reason for the decline although the decline in the number of visits played a part.

Table 2 Juvenile Reed Warbler Ringed at Leighton Moss 1997 to 2015

| Year | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Juvs | 547 | 297 | 551 | 689 | 332 | 838 | 894 | 713 | 389 | 665 | 658 | 472 | 618 | 514 | 821 | 504 | 743 | 885 | 267 |

Pied Flycatcher RAS

John Wilson

Our RAS is spread across 14 mainly Oak upland Woodlands in the Lune valley and its tributaries, and are a part of our extensive nest box schemes which started in 1966. The nests are monitored regularly. Females are mainly trapped towards the end of incubation and males when feeding young.

Breeding Population and Productivity

The breeding population continued high (Table1) but productivity was rather poor with the lowest numbers of nests (56.6%) successfully producing young yet recorded. This compares with 86% in 2014, 89.3 in 2013 and 2012 and 82.5% in 2011. Losses were mainly due to predation, both at the egg and nestling stage probably mainly Weasels which were probably having problems finding food in this a low vole year. Some nests were certainly lost due to food shortage in this cool wet spring. Of 5 nests in the Barbondale wood four, all in the pure alder wood were found with dead young while the only one in the

Oak wood was successful. By contrast all six nests in the mainly Oak wood at Whittington were successful with an average brood size of 6.5.

Table 1 Population and Productivity of Pied Flycatchers Lune Valley Woodland 2008-2013

| Year | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| No of Pairs | 90 | 86 | 59 | 87 | 92 | 63 | 54 | 68 |
| Successful Nests | 51 | 77 | 50 | 76 | 76 | 51 | 43 | 41 |
| Adults Caught | 86 | 82 | 74 | 101 | 96 | 68 | 51 | 60 |
| Nestling ringed | 235 | 442 | 297 | 284 | 423 | 312 | 233 | 220 |
| Brood Size | 5.4 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 5.9 | | | |

Data Analysis

An analysis of our data since our study started shows that as might be expected adults mainly return to the same breeding area as do quite a number of nestlings, but a significant number of nestlings move to breed outside our study area or move in from elsewhere. The most outstanding example of this, this year was a nestling ringed in 2014 at Tregaron mid Wales and caught as a breeding male in Barbondale a movement of 242 kms.

Table 2 Pied Flycatchers Ringed as Nestlings in our Woods or Ringed as Nestlings Outside our Area but Caught Breeding there

| Natal Wood | Lune Valley | 10-20 Km | 20-30Km | 30-60 km | 60-100 km | 100+ |
|------------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| 84 | 130 | 17 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 6 |

Table 3 Adult Pied Flycatchers Nesting and Returning in Subsequent Years

| | Same Wood | Lune Valley | 10-20 Km | 20-30Km | 30-60 km | 60-100 km | 100+ |
|---------|-----------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| Females | 168 | 35 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Males | 38 | 2 | | | | | |

Sand Martin RAS

Richard du Feu

The 2015 Sand Martin season was, once again, a very different year to previous ones with the season being hampered by stronger winds than is usual for June and July. Rain also prevented us monitoring the Nether Burrow site. As a result the main sites for 2015 were the two colonies at Whittington with a single visit to Gressingham.

The Gressingham visit is noteworthy as it is the first time we have ringed at it for many years. Unsurprisingly very few of the 84 adults carried rings however two had been ringed as juveniles at Nether Burrow and Arkholme in previous years. Another three carried foreign rings from France and Spain (2). While movements between the UK and France/Spain are nice the lack of local retraps is interesting and suggests most returning adult birds to the Lune returned to their colony from the previous year.

Totals caught at Whittington are higher than normal due to the large effort to catch adults by a MSc student. Table 1 contains the numbers of individual adults at colonies in the Lune over recent years:

Table 1 – Total individual adults caught at each colony

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Arkholme | 325 | 168 | 27 | - | 72 | - |
| Whittington | 421 | 493 | 240 | 217 | 396 | 560 |
| Nether Burrow | - | 436 | - | 292 | 324 | - |
| Total | 746 | 1097 | 267 | 509 | 792 | 560 |

Table 2 – Juveniles at each colony

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Arkholme | 225 | 195 | 0 | - | 35 | - |
| Whittington | 595 | 517 | 178 | 174 | 387 | 188 |
| Nether Burrow | - | 212 | - | 141 | 302 | - |
| Total | 820 | 924 | 178 | 315 | 724 | 188 |

Juvenile numbers are significantly lower than recent years, which reflects the difficulties of catching later in the season when the wind was stronger and possibly also lower productivity.

Due to the effort put into catching adults at the nest the number of retraps at Whittington is very high from previous years (135 adults) and is in line with the typical 20% recapture rate for adult Sand martins we achieve on the Lune. This is lower than many other RAS projects in the UK due to the large amount of habitat birds can nest in and the difficulties of catching birds at every nest hole.

Data from wing lengths of juvenile birds is now building to see whether those with a shorter wing are more likely to be re-caught in subsequent years. Hopefully these data will be analysed in 2016.

Thanks to all the land owners for permission to ring on their land and the many people who made 2015 a successful season for the Group's Sand Martin RAS.

Results from Ringing Lesser Redpoll

John Wilson

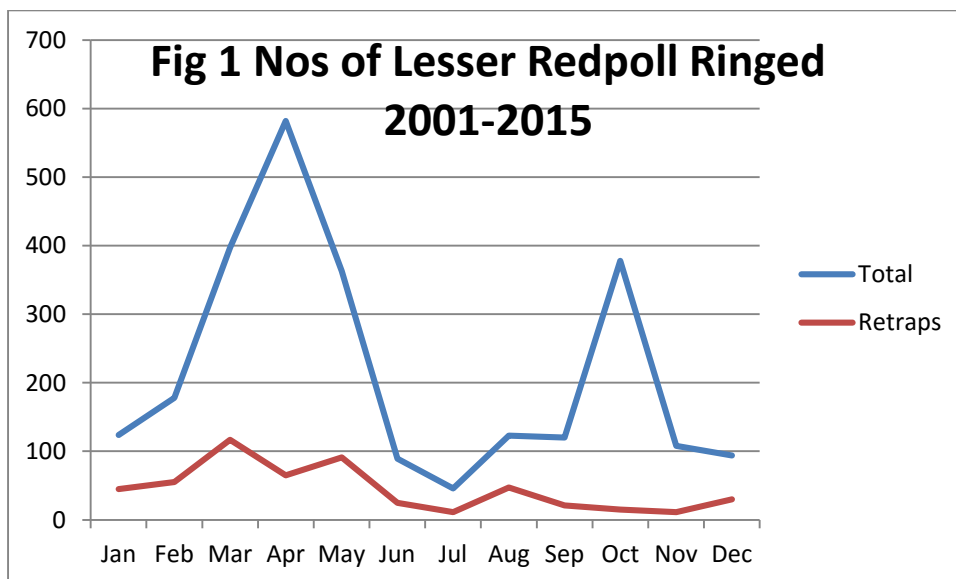
Lesser Redpolls in our area are restricted as breeding birds to the edge of the Bowland Fells. They are also passage migrants mainly along the coast and small numbers winter moving to garden feeders in late winter and spring. From 2001 to 2015 a total of 2573 Lesser Redpolls have been caught by the Group. Of these 2015 were new birds 474 retraps, and 79 controls and have generated 41 recoveries. This report looks at the migratory patterns revealed by both the ringing statistics and the recoveries and controls

Ringling Sites.

Almost all the ringing has taken place at seven sites and these are described briefly with the numbers caught given in brackets. Heysham (445) and Middleton NR (137) are both coastal sites mainly scrub and reed bed, birds are mainly caught using tape lures. Both Leighton(273) and Over Kellet (174)are further inland. At Leighton birds are caught using tape lures in the willow scrub at the edge of the reed bed while the Over Kellet birds are caught at garden bird feeders. The final three Thrushgill (270), New Laithe Farm(795) and Rishton(362) are well inland along the edge of the Bowland Fells and are mainly caught at feeders. Thrushgill is within a conifer plantation and the other two sites in gardens

Ringling Pattern

Figure 1 shows the monthly ringing totals from all sites and reveals a marked two peak passage with the spring passage being the larger. During the spring passage period from April to early May the bulk of the birds (340) were ringed at Heysham. To date no retraps has been recorded from these birds suggesting a quickly moving population. Migration there takes place almost exclusively on clear days usually starting in mid-April but in 2012, an early spring, it started in late March with 43 of the 47 birds ringed in March being caught in that year. April and early May retraps from other sites are mainly birds that have wintered and are re-trapped mainly in early April before moving north, or are birds which are breeding locally.



D Winter (November/Mid March)

| Area | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| S England | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| N Midlands | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Isle of Man | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Cumbria | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | |
| SW Scotland | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | |

Willow Warbler and Chiffchaff Populations in North Lancashire

John Wilson

Introduction

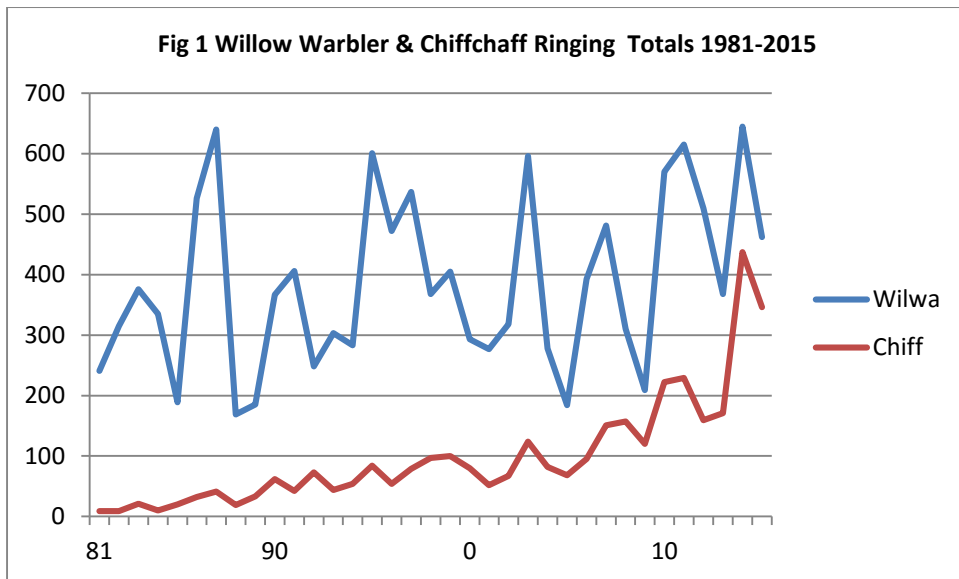
Since ringing started in our area in 1975 a total of 16958 Willow Warblers and 3703 Chiffchaff have been ringed. This activity has produced 55 recoveries of Willow Warblers and 18 of Chiffchaff. This report is an attempt at an analysis of the available data. The ringing of these species has been mainly concentrated at three sites, Heysham , Middleton and Leighton and almost exclusively since 1981. Ringing effort has varied somewhat over the years mainly due to weather conditions and of course availability of personnel but the same key ringers have been in operation throughout.

Population data

One of the fascinating aspects of bird study is observing and recording changes in bird populations. Since 1989 the 1 breeding populations of Willow Warbler and Chiffchaff on the RSPB section of Warton Crag have been censused Chiffchaff have been seen a marked rise in the population from just 1-2 pairs in the 1980's increasing to 4-6 pairs in the 2000's and to a peak of 18 pairs in 2014. By contrast Willow Warblers have fluctuated. but overall have remained reasonably stable throughout with 26 to 35 in the 1990's and the 2000's and 27-30 over the past five years.

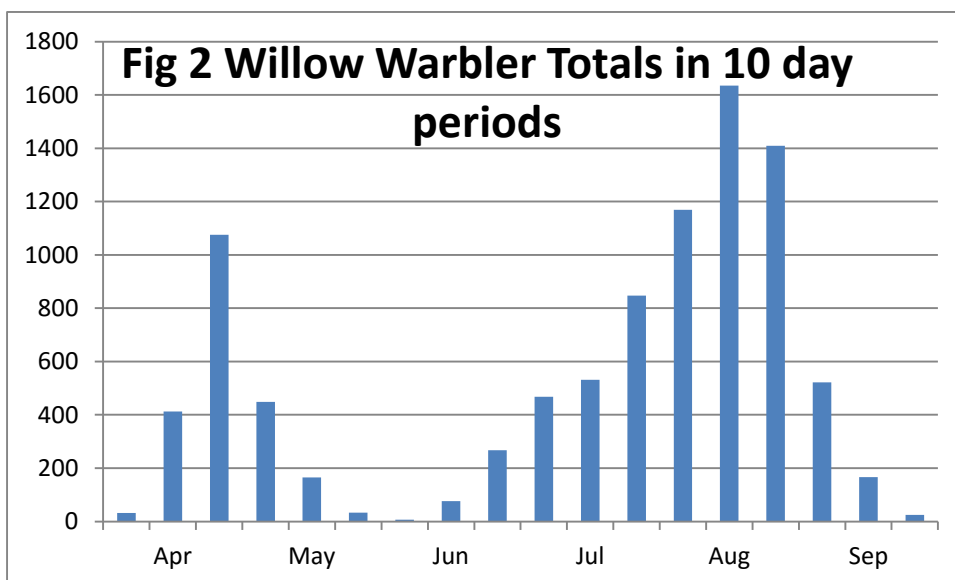
We had concluded that the change in habitats on the Crag, basically the maturing of the Hawthorn/ Ash scrub favoured the Chiffchaff and was the main reason for the recorded increase. However I thought it would be interesting to look at the Groups ringing statistics of these two closely related species to see what they reveal.

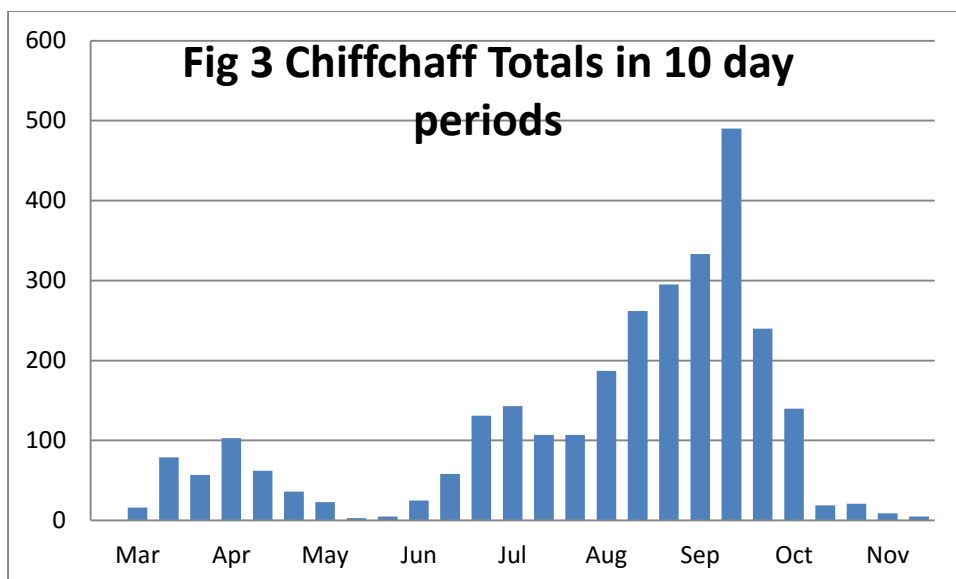
Figure 1 shows the annual ringing totals of new birds of each species from 1981 to 2015. It shows that Willow Warbler ringing totals have fluctuated quite widely, probably to some extent due to varying ringing effort which is mainly related to weather conditions, but the peaks have been similar throughout with peaks of 640 in 1985 and 645 in 2014. By contrast although there has been some small fluctuations in the Chiffchaff ringing totals the main trend has been upward especially recently. From a low of only 9 in 1981 and 82 to a high of 437 in 2014 strongly suggesting an increasing population breeding in and migrating through our area



Migration Patterns

Figures 2 and 3 shows the ringing totals for both species in ten day periods during the 16 years from 2000-2015, The Willow Warbler spring passage starts in early April and peaks in late April and continues into May. The Chiffchaff movement starts in early to mid-March and peaks in mid-April. The return passage starts in late June for both species although most of these are probably local birds. The Willow Warbler return passage peaks in mid and late August with only small numbers in September. Chiffchaff return passage peaks in late September with some still moving in October some at least of which are probably continental birds. November birds are probably wintering birds although we have only caught 2 in December and one in January.





Recovery Details

Table 1 shows the recoveries and controls reported by county and country and month of recovery of Willow Warblers. The source of the birds passing through our area is well shown with 13 recoveries in Scotland, six of these passed through our area in autumn and five in spring. There are also 4 in Cumbria during the breeding season. There has been eight reported on spring migration in Hampshire, Kent, Surrey, Dorset, Hertfordshire, the Channel Islands and Northern France during April or May. Eighteen were reported on the return passage in the Midlands, East Anglia and the south coast. All except two were in August. Little information is available on the movement further south with single recoveries in Spain and Morocco.

Table 1 Willow Warbler Recoveries & Controls by County, Country and Month of Recovery

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Orkney | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Highland | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Grampian | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Strathclyde | | | | | 2 | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| Lothian | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | |
| Fife | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Galloway | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | |
| Cumbria | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| Durham | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Isle of Man | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Merseyside | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Yorkshire | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | |
| Down | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Lincolnshire | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Derbyshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Northants | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Staffordshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Shropshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Wiltshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Berkshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Hertfordshire | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Surrey | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Suffolk | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Essex | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Hampshire | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Dorset | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | |
| Sussex | | | | | | | | 5 | | | | |
| Kent | | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | | |
| Channel Is. | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Germany | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| France | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Spain | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Morocco | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 shows the recoveries and controls reported by county and country and month of recovery of Chiffchaff. Three recoveries in Scotland and one in Cumbria point to the breeding area of our passage birds. There were only two controls in spring providing little information on the routes taken. Return passage produced 5 controls in the south of England, one in Morocco and a wintering bird in Senegal. The most intriguing recovery is the bird in Austria (see map below) it was ringed on 21 September and found dead in Austria on 6th May. Did this bird winter in Britain to return to its breeding area in spring or was it a wind driven migrant in September?

Table 2 Chiffchaff Recoveries and Controls by County, Country and Month of Recovery

| | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Orkney | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Highland | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Lothian | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Northumberland | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Cumbria | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Merseyside | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cheshire | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Down | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Berkshire | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Surrey | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Suffolk | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Dorset | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Sussex | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Channel Is. | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Austria | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Morocco | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Senegal | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |

Discussion

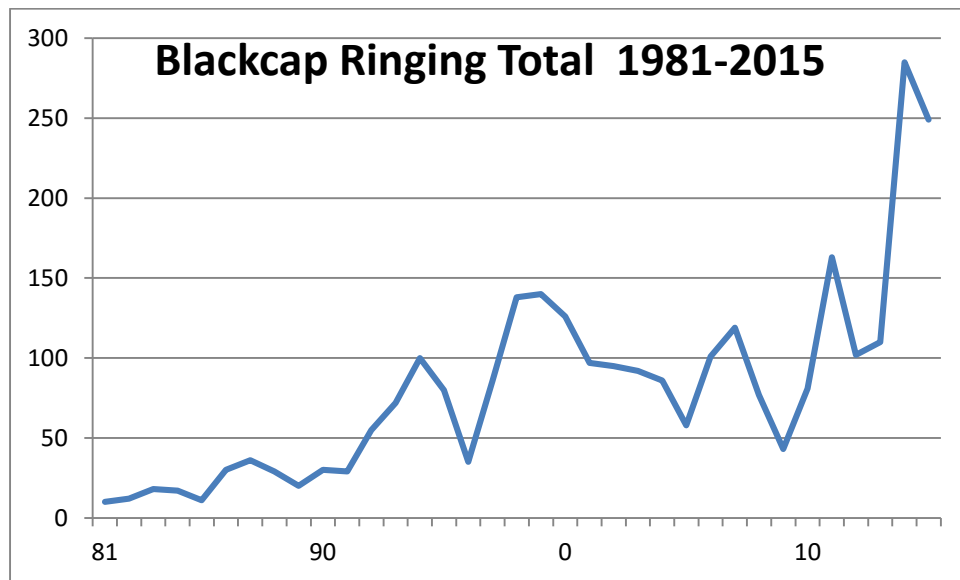
There is very strong evidence from our ringing statistics that Chiffchaff have increased in our area since around 2000 with a further strong increase over the past five years. Willow Warblers by contrast have remained reasonably stable. The Chiffchaff increase mirrors the spread and increase in breeding birds in northern Scotland where the recent Atlas reveals that there has been a 20% spread of occupied areas. The general consensus from birders in our area is that there has also been a marked increase in breeding numbers similar to the population changes on Warton Crag detailed above. The increase may be linked to better survival in the wintering areas which is mainly north of the Sahara. Blackcap which also winter in the same area have seen a similar increase in our ringing totals from 30 in the 1980's to a peak of 285 in 2014. By contrast Willow Warblers which have remained reasonably stable in our area have declined greatly in southern England but have remained stable in Northern England and Scotland.

Willow Warblers winter to the south of the Sahara and several other species which winter there have declined nationally

It is interesting to look at the national ringing totals for these two species as shown in Table 3. The three-fold increase of Chiffchaff since 2000 is staggering and fits in well with our figures as does the stability of the Willow Warbler population. The 2014 figures for Lancashire and North Merseyside for 2014, which of course includes our data, shows a very similar relationship in numbers for these two species to our figures.

Table 3 Ringing Totals Nationally and from Lancashire and North Merseyside

| Year | National Ringing Totals | | Lancashire & North Merseyside | |
|------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | Willow Warbler | Chiffchaff | Willow Warbler | Chiffchaff |
| 2000 | 22,598 | 14,641 | Not available | |
| 2014 | 22,628 | 43,623 | 971 | 917 |



Ringings Totals 2015

| | Full grown | Pulli | Retraps/ Recoveries | Total |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------------------|-------|
| Mute Swan | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Sparrowhawk | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Kestrel | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Water Rail | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Moorhen | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Oystercatcher | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Lapwing | 0 | 51 | 1 | 52 |
| Jack Snipe | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Snipe | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Woodcock | 22 | 0 | 0 | 22 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Redshank | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Common Sandpiper | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Mediterranean Gull | 0 | 0 | 7 | 7 |
| Black-headed Gull | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Lesser Black-backed Gull | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Woodpigeon | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| Collared Dove | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cuckoo | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Barn Owl | 0 | 11 | 1 | 12 |
| Tawny Owl | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Swift | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Kingfisher | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Great Spotted Woodpecker | 22 | 0 | 17 | 39 |
| Sand Martin | 828 | 80 | 388 | 1296 |
| Swallow | 450 | 43 | 1 | 494 |
| House Martin | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Tree Pipit | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Meadow Pipit | 194 | 0 | 1 | 195 |
| Grey Wagtail | 95 | 15 | 17 | 127 |
| Pied/White Wagtail | 6 | 26 | 0 | 32 |
| Dipper | 44 | 115 | 0 | 159 |
| Wren | 200 | 0 | 69 | 269 |
| Dunnock | 169 | 5 | 107 | 281 |
| Robin | 219 | 11 | 97 | 327 |
| Redstart | 16 | 51 | 2 | 69 |
| Wheatear | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Ring Ouzel | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Blackbird | 107 | 10 | 30 | 147 |
| Fieldfare | 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Song Thrush | 20 | 12 | 2 | 34 |
| Redwing | 181 | 0 | 0 | 181 |
| Mistle Thrush | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Cetti's Warbler | 7 | 0 | 3 | 10 |
| Grasshopper Warbler | 10 | 0 | 2 | 12 |
| Sedge Warbler | 167 | 0 | 36 | 203 |
| Reed Warbler | 381 | 5 | 126 | 512 |
| Lesser Whitethroat | 34 | 0 | 5 | 39 |
| Whitethroat | 85 | 0 | 9 | 94 |
| Garden Warbler | 24 | 0 | 2 | 26 |
| Blackcap | 251 | 0 | 22 | 273 |
| Yellow-browed Warbler | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Wood Warbler | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Chiffchaff | 358 | 0 | 20 | 378 |
| Willow Warbler | 468 | 0 | 41 | 509 |
| Goldcrest | 531 | 0 | 46 | 577 |
| Firecrest | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Spotted Flycatcher | 1 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| Pied Flycatcher | 45 | 349 | 84 | 478 |
| Bearded Tit | 38 | 4 | 302 | 344 |

| | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Long-tailed Tit | 153 | 0 | 92 | 245 |
| Marsh Tit | 25 | 18 | 16 | 59 |
| Coal Tit | 354 | 16 | 225 | 595 |
| Blue Tit | 851 | 474 | 489 | 1814 |
| Great Tit | 421 | 300 | 306 | 1027 |
| Nuthatch | 38 | 43 | 383 | 464 |
| Treecreeper | 35 | 0 | 9 | 44 |
| Jay | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Magpie | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Jackdaw | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Starling | 9 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| House Sparrow | 37 | 5 | 2 | 44 |
| Tree Sparrow | 3 | 15 | 0 | 18 |
| Chaffinch | 266 | 2 | 47 | 315 |
| Greenfinch | 278 | 0 | 38 | 316 |
| Goldfinch | 659 | 5 | 231 | 895 |
| Siskin | 362 | 0 | 178 | 540 |
| Linnet | 33 | 0 | 5 | 38 |
| Twite | 20 | 0 | 14 | 34 |
| Lesser Redpoll | 529 | 0 | 125 | 654 |
| Bullfinch | 57 | 0 | 40 | 97 |
| Hawfinch | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Yellowhammer | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Reed Bunting | 181 | 0 | 23 | 204 |
| Total: | 9378 | 1687 | 3668 | 14733 |

Recoveries Reported in 2015

Mute Swan

W37866 3 09/09/2014 Lancaster (Lancashire)
 Dead XF 10/04/2015 Arkholme: (Lancashire) 16km NE 213 days

Little Egret

GC98850 1 15/06/2013 Newark (Northants)
 Sighted 2 03/05/2015 Conder Green 163 km NW in 687 days

Lapwing

DD63267 1 13/05/2014 Botton Mill Wray (Lancashire)
 Dead XF 07/04/2015 Higher Thrushgill: (Lancashire) 2km SSE 329 days

Lesser Black Backed Gull

FH21282 6 22/11/2008 Stoke Orchard Landfill Site (Gloucestershire)
 Sighted 6 28/06/2015 Heysham Power Station (Lancashire) 238km NNW

Mediterranean Gull

R13E 1 16/06/2009 Oye Plage (Pas de Calais France 50 59 203 E)
 Sighted 3 20/09/2009 Le Portal **FRANCE** 50 42N 1 34E
 Sighted 5 7-18/2/2009 Piriac sur Mer, Loire Atlantique, **FRANCE** 47 23N 2 33W
 Sighted 4 21-27/4/2011 Polder de Sebastopol, Vendee **FRANCE** 46 56N 2 09W
 Sighted 6 03/08/2011 Heysham
 Sighted 6 21-22/7/2013 Heysham
 Sighted 6 31/12/2014 Noyalo, étang, Pont Grandic, Morbihan, **FRANCE** 47,37N 2,41W
 Sighted 6 05/07/2015 Heysham

The Czech-ringed veteran returned to Heysham for its thirteenth 'winter' in July 2015.

Woodcock

EX37205 5 16/01/2014 Docker Moor: (Lancashire)
 Shot +F 24/01/2015 Nidderdale (North Yorkshire) 57km E 1 yr 8days

Ringed Plover

NV68817 1 10/07/1993 Arkholme (Lancashire)
 Sighted 4 22/06/2015 Melling (Lancashire) 0km 21 years 347 days

Redshank

DD21793 3 09/11/2014 Welwick Ponds (East Riding)
 Sighted 2 19/07/2015 Conder Green 191km W in 252 days

Red Kite

GR29061 1 15/06/2011 Site Confidential (Dumfries and Galloway)
 Sighted 16-01-2012 Leighton Moss, near Silverdale: (Lancashire) 116km SE
 Sighted 02-12-2013 Rushton: (Northamptonshire) 350km SE

Barn Owl

GV00296 3 11/07/2014 Wimmarleigh Lincs: (Lancashire)
 Dead XF 20/04/2015 Silverdale (Lancashire) 28km N 283 days

Sand Martin

D996933 4F 07/07/2014 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire)
 Recaptured 4 12/06/2015 Heysham Moss: (Lancashire) 25km SW 340 days

PP5455 3 27/09/2014 Tancat de Mlia Sollana Spain: 39°18'N 0°21'W (Valencia) , Spain
 Recaptured 4 15/06/2015 Gressingham (Lancashire) 1656km N 261 days

7226178 3 24/08/2013 Etang de la Horre Lentilles Aube France: 48°29'N 4°39'E (Aube) , France
 Recaptured 4 10/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire) 808km NW 1 yr 290days
 Recaptured 4 30/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire) 808km NW 1 yr 310days

7280579 3 26/08/2013 Chenac (Charente-Maritime) , France : 45°31'N 0°49'W
 Recaptured 4 15/06/2015 Gressingham (Lancashire) 965km N 1 yr 293days

Y426657 4 16/08/2012 Icklesham Sussex: (East Sussex)
 Recaptured 4 09/07/2013 Nether Burrow: (Lancashire) 425km NNW 327 days
 Recaptured 4 18/06/2014 Nether Burrow (Lancashire) 425km NNW 1 yr 306days
 Recaptured 4 09/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire) 426km NNW 2 yrs 297days

Y429777 3 18/09/2012 Icklesham Sussex: (East Sussex)
 Recaptured 4 07/07/2013 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire) 426km NNW 292 days
 Recaptured 4 19/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire) 426km NNW 2 yrs 274days

Y948006 3 21/08/2013 Icklesham Sussex: (East Sussex)
 Recaptured 4 03/08/2015 R Lune, Whittington : Lancashire) 426km NNW 1 yr 347days

Z295152 1 12/06/2015 Alston Wetlands:Lacashire)
 Recaptured 5 15/07/2015 Pointe d'Offoy (Somme) France: 50°10'N 1°29'E, France, 492km SE 33 days

Z295291 4F 29/06/2015 Alston Wetlands: (Lancashire)
 Recaptured 4 12/08/2015 Brockhole Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 6km SSW 44 days

Z419458 1 31/07/2015 Applegarthtown:(Dumfries and Galloway)
 Recaptured 5 14/09/2015 Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 128km SSE 45 days

Z584006 4F 09/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington :
 Recaptured 4 01/09/2015 Rye Meads: (Hertfordshire) 320km SSE 84 days

Z584281 3J 29/06/2015 R Lune, Whittington (Lancashire)
 Recaptured 4 22/07/2015 Shorne Marshes Gravesend: (Kent) 366km SSE 23 days

Z133702 4M 13/06/2015 Whittington
 Recaptured 4 18/08/2015 Rochefort (Charente-Maritime) France 45 46N 0 57W 925 km in 66 days

Z296549 4 17/04/2015 Baraiz (Vizcaya0 Spain 43 21N 2 39 W
 Recaptured 4 15/06/2015 Gressingham (Lancashire) 1197 km N 59 days.

Swallow

| | | | |
|------------|----|------------|--|
| D656725 | 3J | 08/09/2013 | Gressingham (Lancashire) |
| Dead | | 06/05/2015 | Tarnbrook (Lancashire) 15km SSE 1 yr 240days |
| D657586 | 4F | 24/09/2013 | Gressingham (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 05/08/2014 | Glebe Farm Salsburch N Lanarkshire: 205 km NNW 315 days |
| Recaptured | 4 | 14/07/2015 | Glebe Farm Salsburch N Lanarkshire: 205km NNW 1 yr 293days |
| D784361 | 3J | 22/07/2014 | South Walney: 54°2'N 3°12'W (SD2161) (Cumbria) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 12/08/2015 | Tunstall: 54°9'N 2°37'W (SD6073) (Lancashire) 40km ENE 1 yr 21days |

Grey Wagtail

| | | | |
|------------|---|------------|---|
| D657029 | 3 | 11/09/2013 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 04/03/2015 | Bridgewater Worsley, (Greater Manchester) 68km SSE 1 yr 174days |
| D657047 | 3 | 20/09/2013 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 25/03/2015 | Melrose: (Scottish Borders) 174km N 1 yr 186days |
| Y333371 | 3 | 18/09/2015 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 11/12/2015 | Lunt Meadows, LWT: (Merseyside) 56km S 84 days |
| Y966256 | 3 | 15/09/2012 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 08/02/2015 | Caton, Lancaster (Lancashire) 13km ENE 2 yrs 146days |
| Z130865 | 3 | 27/08/2014 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | 4 | 17/04/2015 | Marbury Country Park, Cheshire: 29km NE 233 days |
| Z130927 | 3 | 27/08/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 17/03/2015 | River Lostock, nr Lostock Hall: (Lancashire) 37km SSE 202 days |
| Z296584 | 3 | 20/09/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | 3 | 16/11/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 57 days |
| Sighted | 3 | 24/12/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 95 days |
| Sighted | | 03/04/2015 | Killington Bridge: (Cumbria) 38km NNE 195 days |
| Z296608 | 3 | 07/10/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 25/01/2015 | Warton Bank, Ribble Estuary: (Lancashire) 31km S 110 days |
| Sighted | | 22/02/2015 | Warton Bank, Ribble Estuary: (Lancashire) 31km S 138 days |
| Z297326 | 1 | 21/05/2015 | Roeburndale Wray: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 3 | 09/09/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 20km WSW 111 days |
| Z297587 | 3 | 06/09/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 26/10/2015 | Etherow Country Park (Greater Manchester) 89km SE 50 days |
| Z835237 | 3 | 16/09/2015 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | | 28/09/2015 | Blacon Chester : (Cheshire) 91km S 12 days |
| Unknown | 3 | 8or9/2015 | Heysham or Middleton Nature reserve (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | 0 | 11/05/2015 | Fairliehope Burn Carlops (Borders) 197 km NNW |
| Sighted | 0 | 15/05/2015 | Fairielope Burn |

One colour ring missing so actual date of ringing uncertain.

| | | | |
|---------|---|------------|------------------------------|
| D657049 | 3 | 20/09/2013 | Heysham |
| Sighted | 5 | 13/04/2014 | Sedgwick 9cumbria0 29 KM nne |

Rock Pipit

| | | | |
|---------|----|------------|---|
| 8E28835 | 4F | 22/08/2013 | Makkevika (More & Romsdal) Norway 62 30N 06 02E |
| Sighted | 4 | 09/02/2016 | Pilling 1084 km SSW |

Dipper

| | | | |
|---------|---|------------|-----------------------------------|
| RL48074 | 1 | 15/04/2015 | Farfield Mill: (Cumbria) |
| Sighted | 3 | 05/06/2015 | Mansergh Cumbria: 11km SW 51 days |

Redstart

D179717 5F 26/04/2013 Portland Bill: (Dorset)
Recaptured 4 01/05/2015 Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 390km N 2 yrs 5days

Redwing

RF52117 3 26/12/2014 New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire)
Dead 26/04/2015 Os,Breiodalur,urdur Mula : 64°46'N 14°4'W Iceland, 1368km NNW 121 days

Cetti's Warbler

Z296371 2 04/11/2014 Leighton Moss, RSPB: 54°10'N 2°48' (Lancashire)
Recaptured 2 17/04/2015 Woolston Eyes Warrington Cheshire: 89km S 164 days

Z664803 2M 02/09/2015 Wood Walton Fen (Ca mbs):
Recaptured 2 10/10/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB(Lancashire) 259km NW 38 days

Sedge Warbler

Z131497 3 06/09/2014 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 18/08/2015 Westdown Plantation Wiltshire: (Wiltshire) 331km S 346

Z585572 3 16/08/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 3 29/08/2015 Slapton Ley Devon: (Devon) 435km S 13 days

Reed Warbler

D551218 3 26/08/2013 Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 24/07/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB:(Lancashire) 18km NNE 1 yr 332days

7491276 3 01/09/2014 Braud et Saint Louis: 45°14'N 0°37'W (Gironde) , France
Recaptured 4 15/07/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB:(Lancashire) 1005km N 317 days

Z131211 3 24/08/2014 Leighton Moss, RSPB:(Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 06/09/2015 Woolston Eyes Warrington Cheshire: 89km S 1 yr 13days

Z131368 3 02/09/2014 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 21/06/2015 Callantsoog 52°48'N 4°41'E (Noord-Holland), Netherlands, 517km ESE 292 days

Z152165 3 02/08/2015 East Chevington: (Northumberland)
Recaptured 4 18/09/2015 Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 163km SSW 47 days

Z201528 3 23/08/2014 Belvide Staffs: (Staffordshire)
Recaptured 4 02/07/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 170km NNW 313 days

Z585221 4M 27/06/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 17/08/2015 Icklesham Sussex:(East Sussex) 432km SSE 51 days

Z835533 3 13/09/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 02/10/2015 Icklesham Sussex: (East Sussex) 432km SSE 19 days

Chiffchaff

HDK249 3F 30/08/2015 Runcorn: (Cheshire)
Recaptured 3 13/09/2015 Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 77km N 14 days

JBP224 3 27/09/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 04/10/2015 Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 18km SSW 7 days

EVA736 3 28/09/2014 Leighton Moss RSPB (Lancashire)
Recaptured 4 10.04.2015 Hilbre Island (Cheshire) 94 km SSW 194 days

Willow Warbler

HLA034 3 09/07/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire)
Recaptured 3 29/07/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 20 days
Recaptured 4 07/08/2015 Billinge Merseyside: (Merseyside) 74km S 29 days

Goldcrest

CXK886 5M 27/01/2015 Langport Sewage Works Somerset: (Somerset)
Recaptured 4M 04/10/2015 Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 333km N 250 days

DVK684 3M 12/10/2015 Black Nab Whitby N Yorkshire:
Recaptured 4M 23/10/2015 Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 147km WSW 11 days

| | | | |
|------------------|----|------------|---|
| EPR198 | 3F | 09/10/2013 | Wendon Tofts Essex (Essex) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 08/04/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 303km NW 1 yr 181days |
| EPT845 | 5F | 04/04/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 09/10/2015 | Kilnsea Spurn (East Riding of Yorkshire) 206km ESE 188 days |
| HJP061 | 3F | 25/10/2014 | Embley Wood Hampshire:(Hampshire) |
| Recaptured | 4f | 16/09/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 353km NNW 326 days |
| Firecrest | | | |
| EPT969 | 3F | 14/09/2015 | Heysham |
| Dead | 0 | 07/01/2016 | Elgin (Moray) 401 km N in 115 days |

Pied Flycatcher

| | | | |
|------------|----|------------|--|
| D665148 | 1 | 01/06/2014 | Chipping Lancs: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | R | 02/06/2015 Whittington (Lancashire) 34km N 1 yr 1 day |
| D665156 | 1 | 01/06/2014 | Chipping Lancs: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | R | 29/05/2015 New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 7km NE 362 days |
| D997065 | 1 | 02/06/2014 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 16/05/2015 | Chipping Lancs: (Lancashire) 7km SW 348 days |
| D997125 | 1 | 11/06/2014 | Moor Piece: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 30/05/2015 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) 24km NNW 353 days |
| L583963 | 1 | 04/06/2011 | Chipping (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 23/05/2015 | Moor Piece: (Lancashire) 4km E 3 yrs 353days |
| L770422 | 1 | 29/05/2014 | Middlewood (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 06/06/2015 | Burton Wood, Caton: (Lancashire) 6km WNW 1 yr 8days |
| L771268 | 1 | 14/06/2013 | Pot Yeats,Caton:(Lancashire) |
| Dead | 4F | 21/05/2015 | Winder Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) 5km ENE 1 yr 341days |
| L772749 | 1 | 05/06/2012 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 18/05/2014 | Chipping (Lancashire) 23km SSE 1 yr 347days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 16/05/2015 | Chipping (Lancashire) 23km SSE 2 yrs 345days |
| Y288184 | 1 | 09/06/2013 | Barkbooth Lot: (Cumbria) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 30/05/2015 | Ealinghearth: (Cumbria) 9km SW 1 yr 355days |
| Y288187 | 1 | 09/06/2013 | Barkbooth Lot: (Cumbria) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 15/06/2015 | R Lune, Whittington :(Lancashire) 23km SE 2 yrs 6days |
| Y288214 | 1 | 15/06/2013 | Barkbooth Lot:(Cumbria) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 08/04/2015 | Kentmere Hall Plantation: (Cumbria) 12km NNE 1 yr 297days |
| Y333308 | 1 | 05/06/2014 | Pot Yeats,Caton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 24/05/2015 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) 7km NE 353 days |
| Y471888 | 1 | 12/06/2013 | Botton Mill Wray: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 09/06/2015 | Cragg Wood, Newton: (Lancashire) 18km SSE 1 yr 362days |
| Y494547 | 1 | 12/06/2012 | Baringham Durham: (Durham) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 26/05/2013 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray: 64km SW 348 days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 20/05/2014 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) 64km SW 1 yr 342days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 14/06/2015 | Hills Kirk Wood, Wray:(Lancashire) 64km SW 3 yrs 2days |
| Y596148 | 1 | 10/06/2012 | Chipping Lancs: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 18/06/2014 | Underhand, Newton: (Lancashire) 8km NE 2 yrs 8days |
| Recaptured | 4M | 09/06/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton (Lancashire) 7km NE 2 yrs 364days |
| Y967491 | 1 | 20/06/2013 | Deep Clough Farm (Lancashire) |
| Dead | 4F | 26/05/2015 | Tower Lodge, nr Abbeystead: (Lancashire) 8km SSE 1 yr 40days |
| Z106310 | 1 | 02/06/2014 | Outhwaite Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 09/06/2015 | Selside: (Cumbria) 36km N 1 yr 7days |

| | | | |
|------------------------|----|------------|---|
| Z106396 | 1 | 11/06/2014 | Deep Clough Farm: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 16/05/2015 | Outhwaite Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) 6km NNE 339 days |
| Z106402 | 1 | 11/06/2014 | Deep Clough Farm: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 20/05/2015 | Botton Mill Wray: (Lancashire) 8km ENE 343 days |
| Z106422 | 1 | 18/06/2014 | Outhwaite Wood, Wray: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 21/05/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 19km SSE 337 days |
| Z115220 | 1 | 09/06/2014 | Tregaron Ceredigion: (Ceredigion) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 15/06/2015 | Barbondale: (Cumbria) 242km NNE 1 yr 6days |
| Long-tailed Tit | | | |
| EPT054 | 2 | 11/10/2014 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 12/11/2015 | Runcorn: 66km SSW 1 yr 32days |
| Blue Tit | | | |
| Y966719 | 1 | 29/05/2014 | Middlewood (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5 | 24/08/2015 | Leighton Moss, RSPB:(Lancashire) 16km NW 1 yr 87days |
| Great Tit | | | |
| D751089 | 4F | 30/11/2013 | Petre Cresent, Rishton: (Lancashire) |
| Sighted | 4 | 13/02/2015 | Gisburn Forest, Slaidburn: (Lancashire) 28km N 1 yr 75days |
| Sighted | 4 | 02/04/2015 | Gisburn Forest, Slaidburn: (Lancashire) 28km N 1 yr 123days |
| TL04374 | 1 | 12/06/2014 | Jordan Wood: (Cumbria) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 09/09/2015 | Great Corby (Cumbria): 67km NNW 1 yr 89days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 28/12/2015 | Great Corby (Cumbria): 67km NNW 1 yr 199days |
| TX08543 | 1 | 25/05/2015 | Chipping Lancs: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5 | 22/09/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton (Lancashire) 7km NE 120 days |
| Z298788 | 4F | 06/09/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 25/11/2015 | Gisburn Forest, Slaidburn: (Lancashire) 8km NNE 80 days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 30/11/2015 | Gisburn Forest, Slaidburn: (Lancashire) 8km NNE 85 days |
| Chaffinch | | | |
| D657814 | 5F | 28/02/2014 | Bowerham, Lancaster: (Lancashire) |
| Dead | F | 15/04/2015 | Redmire (North Yorkshire) 65km ENE 1 yr 46days |
| Z296360 | 4F | 02/11/2014 | Hazleslack,Storth: (Cumbria) |
| Dead | F | 11/02/2015 | Brampton (Cumbria) 82km N 101 days |
| D030094 | 6F | 31/03/2012 | Shotton Steel Works (Cheshire) |
| Dead | | 17/05/2014 | Casterton Fells 117km N |
| Goldfinch | | | |
| Y333386 | 3F | 03/11/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 27/12/2015 | Beaumont: (Lancashire) 7km ENE 54 days |
| Y470022 | 3F | 05/12/2011 | Over Kellet (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 6F | 16/01/2015 | Coolcush Dungannon (Tyrone) 264km W 3 yrs |
| Z130970 | 3J | 31/08/2014 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5 | 03/01/2015 | Beaumont: (Lancashire) 7km NE 125 days |
| Z132874 | 3F | 24/10/2014 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5F | 10/04/2015 | Beaumont: (Lancashire) 7km ENE 168 days |
| Recaptured | 5F | 22/07/2015 | Beaumont:(Lancashire) 7km ENE 271 days |
| Z298116 | 5M | 19/04/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5M | 11/10/2015 | Reditch Worcester: (Worcestershire) 183km S 175 days |
| Siskin | | | |
| Z019034 | 5M | 03/04/2014 | Orrell Wigan (Greater Manchester) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 26/07/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 49km NNE 1 yr 114days |
| Z298875 | 3M | 22/09/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 31/10/2015 | Whitenap Romsey (Hampshire) 335km SSE 39 days |

Lesser Redpoll

| | | | |
|------------|----|------------|--|
| D139727 | 5 | 06/05/2013 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 24/05/2015 | Dhoon (Isle of Man) 98km WNW 2 yrs 18days |
| Recaptured | 4 | 07/07/2015 | Dhoon (Isle of Man) 98km WNW 2 yrs 62days |
| D255523 | 5 | 31/03/2013 | Spratton (Northamptonshire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 12/10/2015 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 239km NNW 2 yrs 195days |
| D448824 | 5F | 20/04/2013 | Kemple End (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 14/06/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 9km N 2 yrs 55days |
| D519978 | 5 | 01/05/2013 | Humshaugh Northumberland: (Northumberland) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 12/10/2015 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) 123km SSW 2 yrs 164days |
| D847506 | 6F | 01/02/2014 | Redland Chalet South Holmwood (Surrey) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 07/08/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 338km NNW 1 yr 187days |
| D874467 | 5M | 12/03/2014 | Hindley (Greater Manchester) |
| Recaptured | 4M | 09/05/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 45km N 1 yr 58days |
| Y335976 | 3M | 08/12/2012 | Cobham Common (Surrey) |
| Recaptured | 4m | 11/05/2013 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 311km NNW 154 days |
| Recaptured | 4M | 09/05/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 311km NNW 2 yrs 152days |
| Z009400 | 3F | 09/11/2014 | Wrexham (Shropshire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 25/05/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton (Lancashire) 114km N 197 days |
| Recaptured | 4F | 14/06/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 114km N 217 days |
| Z237896 | 4F | 09/11/2014 | Castlemorton Common: (Herefordshire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 02/11/2015 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 237km N 358 days |
| Z268874 | 3 | 28/09/2015 | Loch of Leys Banchory (Aberdeenshire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 15/10/2015 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) 323km S 17 days |
| Z296219 | 3 | 16/10/2014 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 5 | 15/02/2015 | Sharnbrook Bedfordshire: (Bedfordshire) 263km SE 122 days |
| Z318672 | 4F | 12/10/2014 | Bradfield Moor (South Yorkshire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 10/04/2015 | Heysham Harbour: (Lancashire) 108km NW 180 days |
| Z359342 | 3 | 08/10/2014 | Clow Bridge Lancs: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4 | 14/06/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 24km NNW 249 days |
| Recaptured | 4 | 27/12/2015 | New Laithe Farm, Newton: (Lancashire) 24km NNW 1 yr 80days |
| Z708178 | 3 | 13/10/2015 | Middleton Nature Reserve: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 3 | 27/10/2015 | Wrexham (Shropshire) 123km S 14 days |
| Z835751 | 3M | 28/09/2015 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 3M | 09/10/2015 | Billinge (Merseyside) 74km S 11 days |
| Z296376 | 3 | 04/11/2014 | Leighton Moss RSPB (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 6 | 15/01/2015 | University of East Anglia (Norfolk) 317 km ESE 72 days |

Twite

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|---------|---|-----------|------------------------------------|
| CRS | ? | Jan-Mar15 | Heysham |
| Sighted | | 28/04/15 | Oronsay (Argyll & Bute) 307 km NNW |

Reed Bunting

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| Z296042 | 3F | 13/10/2014 | Leighton Moss, RSPB: (Lancashire) |
| Recaptured | 4F | 17/01/2015 | Rowlands Gill Sewage Works: (Tyne and Wear) 108km NE 96 days |